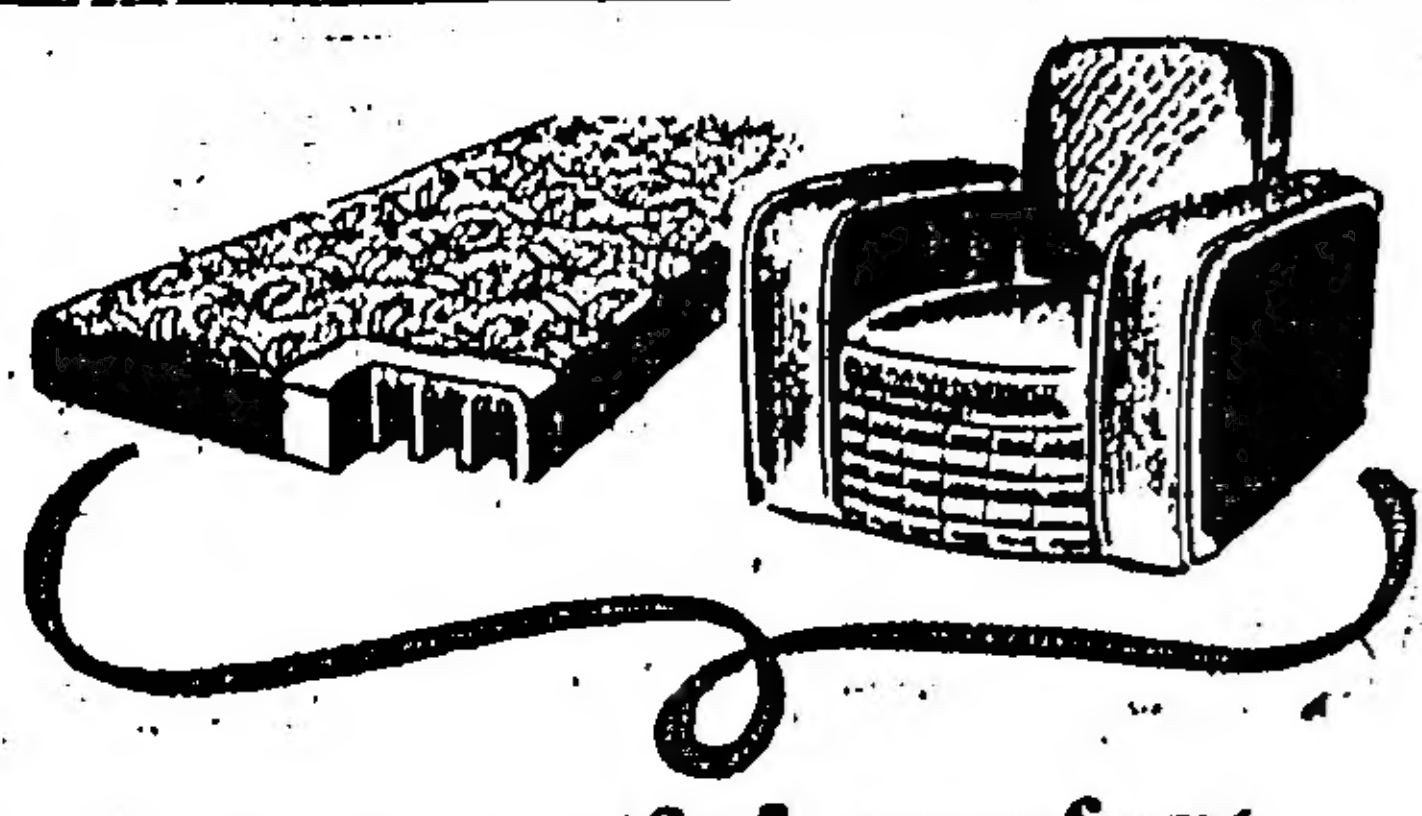


100



For restful comfort
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DUNLOPILLO

The original
LATEX FOAM CUSHIONING

for Mattresses

and all forms of seating

Dunlop Rubber Co., (China) Ltd.
Marina House Tel. 31107.
ZAPB15.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS

Whitsun Race Meeting,

SATURDAY, 4th and MONDAY, 6th JUNE 1949.

On the First Day, Saturday, 4th June, the First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the first race will be run at 2.00 p.m. on the Second Day, Monday 6th June, the First Bell will be rung at 11.30 a.m. and the first race will be run at 12 noon. The Tiffin interval will be after the fourth race (1.30 p.m.).

Through Numbers (22 Races—\$14.00) may be obtained at the Office of the Treasurers, 1st Floor, Telephone House, also tickets for the Special Cash Sweep on the last race of the second day. Tickets in the Special Cash Sweep on the last race of the second day may be purchased also at the Club's Branch Office, No. 382, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE.

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges PROMINENTLY DISPLAYED throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting non-members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10 each day including tax are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of the Member, such Member, to be responsible for all chits etc.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Treasurers' Comptroller Office will close at 11 a.m. the First Day and at 9.30 a.m. on the Second Day. The Secretary's Office will close at 11.45 a.m. the First Day and at 10 a.m. on the Second Day. Both Offices at 1st floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of tiffins will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 382 Boy (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3 including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

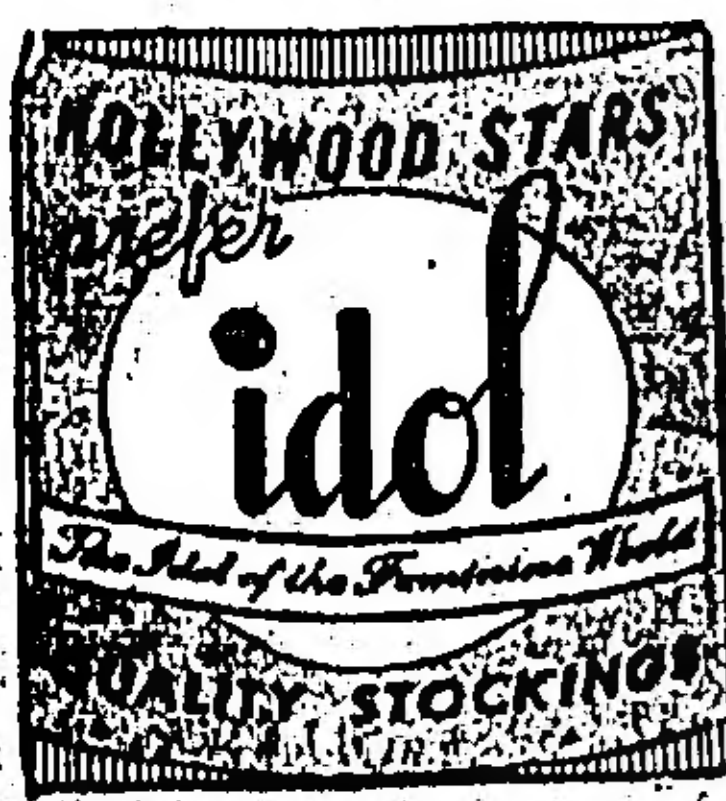
Bookmakers, Tie Tac men, etc. will not be permitted to operate within the precincts of the Hong Kong Jockey Club during the Race Meeting.

Refreshments will be obtainable in the Restaurant in the Public Enclosure.

SERVANTS' PASSES.

Servants' passes will be issued to Private Box holders ONLY, who are requested to distribute them, with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' stands.

BY ORDER,
D. L. Frophet,
Actg. Secretary.



Cleaner
Teeth

A Scientifically Prepared Product
of Bristol-Myers Co.

IPANA
TOOTH PASTE

the refreshingly different tooth paste that is sold
By All Chemists and Leading Stores

Sole Agents: M. BATER, LYNN HILLMAN
5th floor, Marine House

CORRESPONDENCE

The Editor takes no responsibility for views expressed in letters by correspondents, and by no means necessarily agrees with them.

Losoby Plan

Sir—A short time ago I reduced to writing a scheme of a time of advance in the matter of the Hong Kong Constitution which seemed to me to be practicable and attainable.

Since then it has been steadily appearing by bits and bobs usually, however, without main features in the original scheme which alone made it attainable and practical. May I be allowed to outline it as I originally conceived and set it out explaining at the same time how, in my view, it fits in with the present line of events and may help the consideration of the future of the present legislature and the setting up of a new legislature.

2. A balanced legislature is aimed at.
3. A public opinion fairly uninfluenced by the main outline of the scheme no delay need be anticipated.

4. I'll informed boggling on the other hand will mean inevitable delay. There is no reason why the new legislature should not be in being in six months. The English Parliament can be set upon to see in it a step forward.

5. The first legislature (under the scheme) will be elected in 1950. Municipal Council Scheme with a wider electorate. No "pre-arranged" world: confine the electorate to British subjects. The setting up without delay of this body would not be problematical but a certainty. Social progress need not be impeded by the above consideration.

6. Any group with which I happened to be associated, however, would fight its first election on something in addition much important, namely, a real Parliament with a Parliament House of its own with the practice and procedure of a real Parliament. Imagination can play on the probabilities and possibilities.

7. The members of the Isle of Man and the Channel Isles are the pride of their respective places. Such a Parliament in Hong Kong is practicable and I dogmatically assert will come.

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May I be allowed to say that personally I have no political ambitions however slight connected with Hong Kong.

Rice Control

Sir—With reference to the footnote to my letter concerning allegations in the "Ta Kung Pao" regarding the failure of the Rice Controller to exercise more efficient control over rice distributed by Government for sale at controlled prices; it is indeed unfortunate that Government should have failed to issue a statement as has been done by the Rice Merchants Association; Rice Merchants Association and Distributors of Government Rice, for the statement made by these Associations leaves much to be desired and too many pertinent questions unanswered.

The Associations have stated that fluctuations in price are due to the fact that the grades of rice vary and that prices have to vary accordingly. If this is so, and presuming Government to be the importer of the rice which it distributes, does Government ever announce through the medium of the Press that the price of rice for the current month, week, or day will be adjusted from the official figure of \$58.85 to what ever new figure is considered equitable? If not, why not? Is it because the price charged the wholesalers by Government does not vary or is Government content to leave the adjustment of price to the retailers?

Is it impracticable for Government to publish, as has been requested, the fullest possible information regarding Rice Control: the prime cost to Government; the price at which rice is sold to wholesalers; the price at which retailers are permitted to sell, i.e. the margin of profit allowed; the grade of rice; and, above all, the quantities distributed to the various retailers together with the names and address of such retailers?

This should, in fairness to the Rice Controllers, the Dealers and the public, be made an item of information gazetted monthly, or weekly.

The Associations have offered rice to any member of the public willing to purchase a bag at the price for the Government plus a small charge for transportation and other expenses. Many of your Chinese readers would be grateful if you would ascertain from Government whether any control is exercised over the percentage of rice for the Government.

Having had personal experience of Rice Control in Shanghai, we can state without fear of contradiction that the publication of the points of information specified above is a task of no great magnitude and, if published regularly, they would without doubt do much to still the current criticism of the Rice Controller and his staff and what is even of greater importance, would enable the public to know when, where and at what price Government rice could be obtained.

Editor's note: This letter was apparently written before the writer read the Government's statement in yesterday's "China Mail".

Canossian Hostel

Sir—As we are becoming so famous through the pages of your esteemed paper, we thought that your readers might like to have a little inside information in regard to our hostel.

Your correspondent who signs himself "Christianity" shows one thing plainly: that he doesn't know what he is talking about. If you could have heard the amused uttering as his letter was passed around at the supper table, you would know that we had not realised before that we were in need of so much sympathy.

1) All the girls living here are not "of the Catholic faith."

2) All have not "paid their full board and lodging." If it were not such a private matter, we could give you the names of those among us who have been kindly and generously aided over periods when we were short of funds.

3) We are not all "girls with no recourse to their homes," some of us have relatives as well as friends in the colony.

4) Although it is not our custom to go to confession through the newspaper, we are willing to admit that most of us can remember a time or two when we didn't so "faithfully obey all the rules."

5) Our leaving is not in order to make room for "children from abroad," but for younger girls, present students of the school, who are less able than we to find suitable shelter in the present conditions of Hong Kong.

In spite of his misinformation, we are very grateful to "Christianity" for his sympathy. Some of us have already found the "impossible accommodation," but some of us are still looking—and should appreciate it very much if any of your readers have been moved to provide economical board and lodging for us.

While we are about, we should like to express our gratitude to the Canossian Sisters for all the hospitality they have given us, at no little cost to themselves.

WE WHO LIVE HERE.
WE WHO LIVE HERE.

Landladies
Sir—The standard of landladies in the Colony has increased in tempo since the rainy season began. About two weeks ago one occurred at the Peak killing one, and yesterday three convicts were killed at Stanley Jail because of a slide of earth.

I might add that this type of killing by landladies, although frequent, are passed by unnoticed and bring no public reaction or sentiment. I suppose that this is accepted as a fact of life. However, it seems pertinent to point out that in no other parts of this world are slides allowed to occur without proper preventive measures being taken.

The fact is that anybody who has any acquaintance with the science of "Soil Mechanics" will know that landslides can be prevented, just as buildings can be prevented from collapsing and suspension bridges from breaking by the use of the science of "Soil Mechanics."

The respondent was summoned before Mr. Horne Lo and Mr. R. K. Valentine, Justices of the Peace, on January 5, for storing approximately 1,700 gallons of turpentine in a godown without licence from the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade.

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No Shortage Of Firewood

As in the case of rice stocks, there are adequate supplies of firewood and meat in the Colony. It was officially announced yesterday.

A Government spokesman said that no anxiety need be felt regarding any possibility of a shortage of firewood. Government has adequate stocks and is building up more.

He added that no difficulty is anticipated as Government being able to secure all the Colony needs.

Referring to meat, the spokesman said that arrangements have been made for storage of meat and for the supply lines to run smoothly.

Fire Brigade Officer Wins Appeal

The Full Court of Appeal yesterday allowed an appeal brought by Mr. Harold Tipaldi, Divisional Officer of the Hong Kong Fire Brigade, against the decision of a Justice of the Peace Court, which dismissed his summons against Li Kwong, of 245 Wing Lok Street, ground floor.

The respondent was summoned before Mr. Horne Lo and Mr. R. K. Valentine, Justices of the Peace, on January 5, for storing approximately 1,700 gallons of turpentine in a godown without licence from the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade.

The appeal brought by the Fire Brigade yesterday was that the decision of the two Justices was against the weight of evidence. The question of law to be decided was whether the facts disclosed warranted dismissal of the summons.

The Full Court was composed of the Chief Justice, Sir Leslie Gibson, and Mr. Justice Williams. The respondent was represented by the Crown and the appellant, the respondent, who was not present in court, did not contest appeal.

Li Kwong, of the firm of Kwong Man Cheong, had the summons brought against him for having in his control on October 22, 1948, 14 drums of inflammable liquid at the No. 6 Godown of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godowns Limited at 2A Western Street, contrary to section 10 of the Dangerous Goods Ordinance, 1937.

Mr. Hickox said that both the owner and the godown keeper were summoned. The godown keeper was convicted with regard to the offence.

In his submission Crown Counsel stated that the section of the Ordinance clearly provides that it is an offence for any person to have any dangerous goods in his possession, for the warehouse owner as well as the owner of the goods.

Mr. Hickox then asked for the case to be heard over again. In giving his decision, the Chief Justice said that the case in question involved the ownership of the goods of Li Kwong and the ownership of the warehouse in which the goods were kept by another person, who had already been convicted.

The Court, Sir Leslie continued, was concerned whether or not the owner of the goods could be convicted. He thereupon ruled that Li Kwong was liable to prosecution under the Dangerous Goods Ordinance, and directed the Magistrate to issue another summons and proceed with the case.

"The appeal is therefore allowed," he concluded.

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Y's Men Hear Of Conditions In Europe

Mr. C. W. Li, Secretary of the World's Committee, YMCA, gave an interesting insight of present day conditions in Europe at the weekly luncheon of the Y's Men's Club yesterday. Speaking on "Glimpses of Present Day Europe" at the Roof Garden, Hong Kong Hotel, Mr. Li touched on the economic and political life of the Europeans whom, he asserted, are pessimistic regarding the future.

"An example to indicate the prevailing pessimism was when we were discussing representation at a YMCA convention. An elderly European resignedly suggested that as long as an American or a Russian representative would be represented," Mr. Li declared.

"That might be a personal remark, but it reflected the psychological attitude of the average European," the speaker, who arrived here recently from Geneva, said.

Before the war, Europe was the centre of world attention. But after the world war that attraction had shifted. "Where it is not known, but the fact remains that the world has shifted its eyes from Europe today."

An industrialised continent, Europe suffered seriously during the war. The post-war crisis between 1946 and 1947 when Europe experienced a severe winter placed the country on the verge of starvation.

The Marshall Plan in 1947 was a great uplift. Today Europe except for Germany is producing at pre-war rate.

But several problems have arisen. One is to find a market for the goods which Europe has produced far too much. Now at least half of her working population are idle because she cannot find an outlet to dispose of her production.

Europe is suffering from what is called a dollar famine. It has been said that by the completion of the Marshall Plan programme by 1951 Europe will still have a deficit of US\$1,000,000,000 to US\$1,500,000,000.

Another headache is the currency with its complicated differences. "An Indian friend has said that if you can manipulate the exchange successfully you can tour Europe without spending a cent," Mr. Li said.

Spending on the political life in present day Europe, the speaker declared that there is a remarkable trend towards union or federation. Countries in Europe are getting more and more united.

Dr. F. I. Teng thanked the speaker.

In the chair was Mr. Wellington Hsieh, who is leaving by PAA on June 20 for the United States to represent the Hong Kong Y's Men at the International Convention of Y's Men's Clubs at Minneapolis on August 13 to August 20.

It was also announced at the meeting that the Club's match on South Beach will be ready by June 11. The shed is not numbered yet, but members can find it sandwiched between Shed No. 4 and No. 5.

CHARITY SHOW AT ROXY
A charity performance will be given at 9.30 p.m. today at the Roxy Theatre.

The proceeds are for the Anti-Tuberculosis Association of Hong Kong.

The film, "The Boy With Green Hair," will be screened in addition to the latest production of the "March of Time" series.

The title of the "March of Time" film is "Answer To Stalin". Reservations for seats may be made at the Roxy Theatre, Causeway Bay.

THE EVERGREEN
300 Nathan Road, Kowloon
Phone 59942

PROSECUTION ENDS TRAMWAYS CASE
After 14 months of hearings the prosecution closed their case in the "Tramway Case" yesterday.

Fourteen inspectors and a conductor are charged with conspiracy to defraud the Tramway Company by allowing the re-sale of old and used tickets.

The case is being heard before Mr. F. X. d'Almeida at Central.

Eleven of the inspectors are defended by Mr. A. A. de Silva and the other three by Mr. P. C. Woo.

Mr. McNeill instructed by Mr. P. A. L. Vine is for the prosecution.

Giving evidence, Sub-Inspector V. M. Morrison said that on April 21 last year he saw Ho Yau and accompanied him to the Yu Nam Tea-house at Hennessy Road.

On arrival Ho Yau went to the first floor while he stayed below. After waiting for half an hour, he proceeded to the first floor and there Ho Yau pointed out Cheng Sang, Ho Yau found Cheng Sang in his car and found \$100 in his chest. The money was marked.

On April 22, Cheng Sang was arrested and later he arrested Ho Yau and Arthur Lau.

WEDDING
The wedding took place yesterday at the Supreme Court Marriage Registrar's Office of James Connell Brown, engineer of 6 Garden Terrace, and Mrs. Geraldine Annette May Rowell of Church Street House, Upper Albert Road, Hong Kong, in the presence of Mr. L. L. B. Webb and Mrs. Louis Webb.

Personalia

Mr. T. Attres left for Swatow by the ss. Shangkang yesterday.

Departures from the Peninsula Hotel on Wednesday included Miss J. Dunlop, Miss P. Hiron, Miss D. Adams, Messrs. C. T. Shaw, H. Chen, E. J. Griffin, D. Berrigan, C. M. Rowe, D. Hopkins, A. W. Chitt, F. Schmidt, F. G. Harrison, H. H. Andrews, I. H. MacDonald, A. Colton, H. Lawson, E. Tanchuck, C. Goldberg, P. Valdes and Mr. and Mrs. F. Forde.

Among the new arrivals at the Peninsula Hotel on Wednesday were Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Grunfeld, Mr. and Mrs. T. Chu, Mr. and Mrs. G. Woolman, Messrs. H. D. Barnes, P. C. Sanidad, E. V. Pettis, R. L. Carpenter, J. G. Gronis, S. Bjornstjerne, T. Simonsen, H. Kulbeck, K. Johannessen, H. Skovlev, A. Elden and the Reverend Mr. A. C. Sneed.

Arrivals from Bangkok and Singapore by CPA yesterday included Messrs. M. M. Gray, F. C. Chao, Anderson, Ove, Wan Sang-chi and Ng Ah-boon. Mr. Ove and Mr. Gray left the same day for Manila.

Mr. Wellington Hsieh, manager of Young Brothers Banking Corporation, and President of the German and Y's Men's Club of Hong Kong, will leave on June 20 by PAA for the United States. He will represent the Y's Men's Club of China Region at the Club's International Convention at Minneapolis on August 13. On his return at the end of the year, Mr. Hsieh will visit places of interest and study banking in England. In 1924, Mr. Hsieh represented China in the Second World Boy Scouts Jamboree at Copenhagen. His present trip will be his second experience in attending a conference of similar nature, namely to promote world peace and brotherhood among the nations.

A number of European women left for Tientsin yesterday by the ss. Yochow. They included Mrs. A. Bodson, Miss C. Bodson, Mrs. A. C. Jacques, Mrs. E. M. Renette, Mrs. D. Ledoux and Miss A. P. Odgen.

Among the arrivals from Amoy yesterday by the ss. Anhui were Mr. and Mrs. June, Mrs. Saverby Drake, and Mr. Saverby Drake.

ENGLISH CUTLERY
English solid nickel-silver cutlery, sold individually per your requirements.

Lovely Haeger Pottery Vases and metal flower frogs.

Plastic Luncheon Place Mats (limited quantity).

4-Color Tropic Laurella Dinner-set (limited quantity).

Pyrex Perculators & Teapots Pyrex Gravy Trea Platter

THE EVERGREEN
300 Nathan Road, Kowloon
Phone 59942

NEW 8-CU.-FT. NORGE
"TOLD-MOR" REFRIGERATOR

THE ONLY REFRIGERATOR WITH NORGE

Sole Distributors—
JONES & CO., LTD.
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Tels. 28803 & 27217

SHOWROOM:
No. 14, Fanwick Street, Wanchai.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

20 Words \$2 for 1 insertion
\$1 for every additional insertion
10 cents every additional word per insertion
(Alternate insertions 10% Extra)

BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL \$5 per insertion of 25 words. 25 cents every additional word per insertion.

Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 5 p.m. for publication in the following day's paper.

Replies for the Following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on the original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if Advertiser's requirements are satisfactorily answered.

POSITIONS VACANT

PHARMACEUTICAL Importers require salesmen propagandists, preferably qualified, must have at least two years' pharmaceutical sales experience. Apply Box 551 "Sunday Herald".

COOLIE AMAH required for European Family. Write Box 855 "China Mail".

PHOTOGRAPHIC Dark Room—Required for night work. Reply Box 855 "China Mail".

WANTED KNOWN

DRESSES (All Kinds of Material) best styled at competitive prices from H.K. \$25.00 up satisfaction guaranteed. Inspection cordially invited at Long Kee Ladies Tailor No. 31D Peking Road Nathan Road Corner.

CARPETS, RUGS, UPHOLSTERY, cleaned in your own home by modern, convenient DURACLEAN SERVICE. Tel. 24405. Agent, George Lin & Co. 202 Bank East Asia Building.

LADIES we have at your service all specialized operations for Helene Curries Cool Waves, machineless oil perms hairdressing and manicure—ROSE MARIE Beauty Parlour—Phone 50384—43, Hanke Road, Kowloon.

RUGS Peking Art Rug Co. Wholesale & Retail, Room 8-9 Lucky Apartment Corner of Hankow & Peking Road, Kowloon.

CARPETS & RUGS—Genuine Peking and Tibetan, lovely designs and colorings, various sizes. Come and inspect at The China Rug Co., Kayamally Building, 4th Floor (Opposite Hong Kong Hotel) Queen's Road, Central.

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MAY BE BOOKED AT THE SWINDON BOOK STORE, 25 NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 59327.

DANCING LESSONS

BALLROOM DANCING—"Made Easy" Learn QUICKLY and surprise your friends! Make your DANCING enjoyable by learning RHUMBA, SAMBA, TANGO and JITTERBUG (Live). Enquiries (1-3 P.M.): TONY HUDSON, 512 China Building.

PREMISES WANTED

SMALL furnished flat or house required August—September for six months or a year Hong Kong, Kowloon or Territories. Excellent rental! Would take over servants of owners going on leave. Write Box No. 855 "China Mail".

FOR SALE

TAMARA MAY 503 Peninsula Hotel in Stock Gold Wedge Heel Shoes, also White, Brown/White, Blue/White Suede, White Linen, Etc. Summer Dresses, Blouses, Skirts and Shorts. Orders taken for Wedding and Evening Gowns, etc. European Workmanship Only.

ONE Ruston & Hornsby Mark 5 HR Single Cylinder Horizontal Oil Engine, complete with fly-wheel, pulley, outer bearing, fuel oil tank, exhaust silencer, cooling water tank, and self starter with compressor. Price \$12,500—ex stock. Apply P.O. Box 862 Hongkong.

SATIN SLIP 100% purity in pink and white, special price HK\$15.00 each. Also a selection of Shanghai blouses, silk lingerie, pyjamas, housecoats, etc. Replenishment difficult. To avoid disappointment, come early to Hong Kong & Shanghai Lace Co. (Kwong Kee) 8 Wyndham Street.

PILOT RADIO: putting the emphasis on Shortwave Worldwide Reception, every Pilot has more than a quarter of a Century's experience built into it. "The Standard of Excellence" motto has been proudly maintained. Demonstration without obligation. Colonial Agencies, Theosophy Bldg., 14 Queen's Road. Phone 28810.

FOR SALE

HONG KONG FILM AND THEATRE NEWS at 50 cents per copy. Obtainable at Leading Book Stores, Newspaper Sellers and "China Mail" Office.

HONG KONG & DIRECTORY (1949 edition) containing Hong List, Govt. Offices, Hospitals, Schools, Churches, Institutes, Consulates, Services, Clubs, Agencies, Who's Who, Residences. It's the most up-to-date and most complete of all business directories in the Colony. NOW ON SALE at all leading book shops and "China Mail" Office.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL at \$2.00 per copy. Obtainable at all Leading Book Stores and "China Mail" Office.

CHINA MAIL POSTCARD—\$1.50 for 5 or 30 cents each. Obtainable at all leading Book Stores and "China Mail" Office.

SCRIBBLING PADS—100 pages at 50 cents each. On sale at "China Mail" Office, Windsor House, Tel. 32312.

TENDERS

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the following Heavy Duty Road Making Equipment now available for inspection in H.M. Naval Yard, Hong Kong.

No. 2 "ARMSTRONG HOLLAND" 6-8 Tons, CHAMPION CUB ROAD ROLLERS.

Applications for particulars and Form of Tender are to be addressed to the:

Superintending Civil Engineer, C. E. in C. Dept., Admiralty, H.M. Naval Yard, Hong Kong.

RUGS

LARGE STOCK OF TIENTSIN CHEMICAL WASHED RUGS HIGHEST QUALITY AT FACTORY PRICE WHOLESALE & RETAIL LOVELY COLOURS AND DESIGNS

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LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors and Appraisers, Pedder Building, Telephone No. 20224.

De Sousa's Real Estate Rooms

Auctioneers, Surveyors & Appraisers Basement, French Bank Bldg. Tel. 31887

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

Real Estate Brokers and Valuers

King's Building (2nd Floor), 8, Overland Rd., Hong Kong.

NOTICE IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG

PROBATE JURISDICTION

In the goods of PERCY DAVID KEYSER late of No. 61 Shanghai Street, 1st floor, Kowloon in the Colony of Hong Kong, Pensioner, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court has by virtue of Section 58 of the Probates Ordinance 1897 made an Order limiting the time for creditors and others to send their claims against the above estate to the 21st day of June 1949.

All creditors and others are hereby requested to send in their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.

Dated the 1st day of June, 1949.

Sd. CHRISTOPHER PAUL D'ALMADA & CASTRO

Official Administrator, Courts of Justice, Hong Kong.

NOTICE IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG

PROBATE JURISDICTION

In the goods of JOHN FERGUSON MCGOWAN late of the Medical Department, Victoria in the Colony of Hong Kong, Steward, deceased and LILIAN MAY MCGOWAN late of Queen Mary Hospital, deceased, Married Woman, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court has by virtue of Section 58 of the Probates Ordinance 1897 made an Order limiting the time for creditors and others to send their claims against the above estate to the 21st day of June 1949.

All creditors and others are hereby requested to send in their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.

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Official Administrator, Courts of Justice, Hong Kong.

INLAND REVENUE ORDINANCE, 1947.

SALARIES & ANNUITIES TAX RETURNS.

The public are reminded that Salaries and Annuities Tax Returns for 1948/50 (i.e. Income from employment, etc., for the year ended March 31, 1949) were due for submission to this Department on June 1, 1949.

Any person who has received a Return Form but who has not yet sent it in should therefore do so without delay, since he may otherwise incur a penalty.

E. W. PUDNEY, Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

BANK HOLIDAYS.

The Exchange Banks will be closed for the transaction of public business on Monday, the 6th June, 1949. (Whit Monday).

NOTICE

As from May 25, 1949 I am no longer associated with Union Mercantile Co., (HK) Ltd. and Peltz Newland & Co., Ltd.

W. K. PELTZ.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

As from 1st June, 1949, Dr. S. K. Young, D.M.D., is being associated with me in the practice of Dental Surgery.

K. W. CHAUN, D.D.S., Penn. Room 318, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Bldg., Telephone 20126.

THE MACAO ELECTRIC LIGHTING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Thirty-Fourth Ordinary Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Boardroom of Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, Mercantile Bank Building, Second Floor, Hong Kong, on Thursday the 16th day of June, 1949, at 11 a.m.

By Order of the Board of Directors

JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER, Secretaries

THE MACAO ELECTRIC LIGHTING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Registers of Transfer and Members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 7th June, 1949, to Thursday, 16th June, 1949, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board

JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER, Secretaries

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE

WHITSUN RACE MEETING 1st Day—June 4, 1949

6th Race, Gloucester Handicap, 2nd Section

The Handicap Weights in the above race have been reduced 5 lb. all round.

The correct weights will appear in the Race Book.

By Order, D. L. PROPHET, Secy. General.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

NOTICE

This Department will be closed on Monday, the 6th and Tuesday, the 7th of June, 1949, for all purposes except for entry and clearance of ships' manifests between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m.

K. KEEN, Director, Commerce & Industry.

Dated: May 30, 1949.

FINEST DEVELOPING & ENLARGING YOU CAN RELY ON

ALEXANDER BLDG., H.K. OR 102, NATHAN RD., K'LOON

The Best in the Colony

Also dealers of all kinds of CAMERAS & FILMS.

YOU CAN OBTAIN COPIES OR ENLARGEMENTS OF ANY

CHINA MAIL PHOTOGRAPH AT OUR OFFICE WINDSOR HOUSE

KAI TAK TOPICS

The resumption of the Shanghai air route continues to be the main topic of discussion whenever any two persons settle down to a cold drink in between flights at Mrs. Gee's Cafeteria.

The discussion was even more rampant yesterday after the press report that the foreign ship had entered the Communist-controlled metropolis of North China. Gossip then focussed on the arrival of Messrs. Bixby and Bond, Vice President of PAA and CNAC respectively. They arrived at Hong Kong early in the week and then proceeded to Canton.

On Tuesday, both airline executives returned to the Colony and yesterday the PAA man flew off to Manila in one of his own DC-4s.

PAA authorities agreed that talk was in progress but refused to elaborate any further. When asked about Mr. Bixby's hurried travels lately, the reply was a non-committing "he's about our company's business."

Meanwhile CATC officials openly admitted that serious planning and discussions have been going on lately with regard to their flying into Shanghai again. One claimed that CATC will yet be the first plane to touch down again at Lungtwa.

CNAC authorities however, continue with their policy of silence whenever any newsmen enquire about their plans and Shanghai.

The VIP room opened its comfortable and quiet hospitality only once yesterday. That was when Mr. Roger Hayworth, executive of Lever Brothers arrived by PAA in the Colony on transit from Calcutta to Manila.

CATC besides being busily engaged in their passenger transport service to Canton, Bangkok, Amoy, Swatow, and other landable parts of China, are also on a busy charter service bringing loads of China's newsmen to Hong Kong.

Their planes take off almost daily with this sort of cargo for White Cloud Airfield and one pilot stated that there will be more going.

The Hong Kong Airway's Sandringham flying boat which inaugurated HKAA's new Manila service on Wednesday, returned to Kai Tak yesterday after a very successful trip.

No information was available as to when the passenger service will begin. It is definite, however, that HKAA will make a weekly flight going out on Wednesday and returning the next evening.

A passenger on a BOAC from Home was Commander R. J. Vernal, former Commanding Officer of the HKRNVR.

Mr. Vernal has returned to the Colony to reorganise the RNVR here, it was officially stated yesterday.

Defendant, represented by Mr. Ng Quinn, was yesterday fined \$400.

The case, according to the prosecution, was that Ng Kwok-yin, defendant's step-son, made a report to the Police on April 25 that defendant had sold a Hillman Car and alleged that he had forged her deceased father's signature to facilitate the sale of the car. Defendant is the adopted son, and complainant the natural daughter of Ng Nam.

EVERY DAY MORE AND MORE PEOPLE USE KOLYNOS

YVONNE DE CARLO

Orders For HKDF

Orders by Colonel L.T. Ride, Commandant of the Hong Kong Defence Force, follow:—

Holidays: HKDF Headquarters, Lower Albert Road, will be closed on Monday and Tuesday next week.

The following extract from Hong Kong Government Gazette No. 29 dated May 27, 1949, is published:—No. 528. It is hereby notified for general information that Captain K.C. Hamilton, ED, late of the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps, relinquished his commission with effect from May 18, 1949, retaining the rank of Captain.

The following extract from Hong Kong Government Gazette No. 29 dated May 27, 1949, is published:—No. 528. It is hereby notified for general information that Captain K.C. Hamilton, ED, late of the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps, relinquished his commission with effect from May 18, 1949, retaining the rank of Captain.

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CARNIVAL By Dick Turner



"Here's one I learned from that red-headed pupil of mine who comes in at 3:30!"

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE By Shepard Barclay

There are two easily catalogued times when the opening lead of a trump is called for. One is the easily identified cross-ruff situation, in which it is clear that declarer and dummy have a nicely-fitting trump suit, each hand containing a not-fitting side suit which the opposite holding can ruff. The other situation is akin to it, in that the well-fitting suit has been advertised, the declarer now having a side suit in which the dummy is short, so that ruffing of that suit may establish it. Once in a while a hand parades partly of the features of both types.

West won the first trick with the spade A, led the 2, which North triumphantly ruffed with the J, took the club 5 return with the A and led the spade 4, which North trumped with the heart A. The club 2 came back to the K, the diamond A brought a discard of the spade 8, the diamond 2 was ruffed by the heart 2, the spade 9 by the heart 4, and the heart 10 was sent through, then the 8 covered by the 9 and the K dropped the Q. Now the heart 6 and spade K completed the hand for an extra trick.

If North had known how to listen to the bidding for his first first, then make deductions and plans based on them as the second step, and finally taken action in line with a sound plan, he would have laid down the heart A at the outset and followed it with the J. After that West would have been out of luck in trying to make his contract.

Tomorrow's Problem S 10 7 5 H K 9 6 5 4 D None C 10

PART II: THE CONSCIENCE OF HIS PEOPLE

THE MINDSZENTY STORY



Independent International Commission Wanted

BY THE VERY REV. DR. NICHOLAS BOER

have been decreed sacrosanct by the Great Powers and the United Nations Charter, and guaranteed with their authority. Since the November under the pretext of public works, babies, old men, helpless invalids, women in childbirth, independent farmers, consecrated priests are being deported by armed force. They are sent from their ancestral soil three or four hundred miles away in cattle wagons and are then 'sold' as farm labourers. Many of the sick and babies have frozen to death and perished on the road in the terrible cold. In the name of humanity I beg you, as the Church intervened in the deportation of Jews two years ago, act quickly and decisively against this deportation which violates the eternal laws of God and all human feelings; act to put an end to the grotesque torture of hundreds of thousands.

Joseph Mindszenty
Cardinal,
Primate of Hungary.

Barbarous Deportations

At the same time the Hungarian Cardinal sent a telegram to Giovanni Montini, Under-Secretary of State of the Vatican, in which he asked the Holy See to intervene against the barbarous deportations in Czechoslovakia.

"Even if these persecuted people were non-Hungarians," Cardinal Mindszenty had said in his proclamation, "we should consider it our duty to raise our voices on their behalf! This was no empty phrase. Cardinal Mindszenty protested with equal vigour against the methods of expelling the German minority from Hungary. The Hungarian Government was obliged by the demands of the United Nations to expel the Germans—called *Soubians*—from Hungary. This complicated the position of the Hungarian Government with regard to the expulsion of Hungarians from Czechoslovakia. The Government was obliged to enforce the removal of the German minority without discrimination, purely on the basis of the individual's belonging to the German minority. This embarrasment was one of the chief reasons for the Hungarian Government's greatest difficulty in obtaining the consent of the Allies to execute this removal on the basis of individual responsibility and discrimination. But by that time they had lost their chief argument against the Czechoslovak action. Cardinal Mindszenty took a high moral view of the matter. This is shown by his proclamation addressed to the public opinion of the world in which he protested against the expulsion of the Slovakian Hungarians from Slovakia and of the German minority from Hungary, both of which he considered contrary to natural law. He protested against forcible resettlements as means to be employed in dealing with national differences. The Hungarian Bench of Bishops further issued a pastoral letter on October 2, 1947, in which it protested in the name of natural law against both mass deportations. This, too, shows Cardinal Mindszenty's high moral conception; without bias or prejudice he protested against the violation of natural law whether against Hungarians or by Hungarians. We reproduce the text of the proclamation:

Excesses and Cruelties

This sorrow is only heightened by the excesses, injustices and cruelties of the execution of these measures. It is but rarely that the committee authorised to grant exceptions puts in an appearance; only a few hours are allowed for packing bare necessities. The wealthier people are deported by preference and with deliberate selection; not criminals of whom severe have been left behind. There are certain influences which free such criminals in the last moment, removing them from the transport vehicles. In the case of the affluent neither their claim to be Hungarians nor the fact of Hungarian descent on both sides for three or four generations. Not even those are spared who have been persecuted by the Germans, who claim to be Hungarian and whose children do not speak a word of German. Not a few among the victims have been driven to extreme measures against themselves or their families. Babies perish because their mothers are unable to care for them in the excruciating and privations of the journey. We do not want to go into further details. There is one means of staying behind and this is the saddest about the whole procedure. If the people involved renounce their property and can supply some guarantee who is willing to keep them after they have been stripped of everything. In such cases does the person involved cease to be German or Soubian? Is he no longer dangerous for the Hungarian nation? These are frightening questions. And all this takes place at a time when human dignity, personal liberty, the security of life and property, life without fear, all these fine and desirable democratic principles and

slogans and the efforts serving their realisation and especially emphasised. The compels one to protest most emphatically. The execution of the population transfer agreement signed in 1946 was suspended early in 1948, and the Hungarians began to hope that their brothers in Slovakia might escape further tribulations. But after the coup d'état in the Czechoslovak Republic by which the Communist Party obtained complete power, the news spread among the Hungarians that a new Hungarian-Czechoslovak agreement was in preparation, according to which the Hungarian minority in Slovakia would be given back its basic liberties; but at the same time those who were not of "sufficiently democratic convictions" would be deported. The deportations did begin again. Cardinal Mindszenty once again protested. In a very outspoken letter addressed to the Hungarian Premier, Lajos Dinnyes, he reproached the Government that, ignoring exports and its own Foreign Office, it made with the Czechoslovak Government, purely on party lines, a new agreement which enabled the latter to drive new Hungarian masses across the frontier.

Needless to say, Cardinal Mindszenty's protests and intervention were very unwelcome to the Hungarian Communist Government, if only because of his immense popularity. This popularity, created by his personality and selfless devotion to charitable work, was enhanced by his patriotic insistence that the various powers should make a fair assessment of Hungary's guilt in entering the war as an ally of Germany and by his resolute championship of the human rights of Hungarians beyond the border. His words found an echo in every true Hungarian heart. The Christian and democratic attitude of the loved and acknowledged leader of the vast majority of the population of this mainly Catholic country was obviously a danger to a Government bent on the destruction of religion and democracy. Few could be deceived by its lip-service to both, least of all the Cardinal. And as the Communists proceeded to the next phase of their totalitarian imposition—the suppression of free speech and "thought," the intervention of the informer system and the pervading terror of a ubiquitous police, these all-too-familiar Nazi methods which no ideological jargon could make seem other than they were—they had to reckon with Mindszenty's outspoken and uncompromising opposition. They tried to counter it in advance by vociferous attempts to discredit him, by attributing to him ulterior anti-Christian, anti-democratic motives. Their exasperation grew as they failed to goad him into an undignified reply. They brought against him every charge, no matter how absurd, which they imagined might serve their purpose; every charge except the true one: that he was the champion and defender of individual liberty, the inveterate opponent of class or party domination.

The idea of true democracy equally condemns that anyone should be able to obtain a better life or even a bare existence and basic freedom only by belonging to a certain social class, financial group, race or party. Yet in Hungary—where, it is undeniable, there was a strongly developed caste system based on birth and class—a new caste system was developed after the "liberation" on a purely party basis. Gradually things developed in such a way that under the enforced membership system of the trade unions a worker or a clerk could only obtain a position (or be secure in a position already obtained) if he was a member of one of the workers' parties; or if, outside them, he still belonged to one of the coalition parties and advocated full co-operation with the Marxist forces.

According to the new Chinese army pay scale a Chinese private gets five silver dollars and a general 10. Now that does seem a reasonable assessment of their respective values.

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This sorrow is only heightened by the excesses, injustices and cruelties of the execution of these measures. It is but rarely that the committee authorised to grant exceptions puts in an appearance; only a few hours are allowed for packing bare necessities. The wealthier people are deported by preference and with deliberate selection; not criminals of whom severe have been left behind. There are certain influences which free such criminals in the last moment, removing them from the transport vehicles. In the case of the affluent neither their claim to be Hungarians nor the fact of Hungarian descent on both sides for three or four generations. Not even those are spared who have been persecuted by the Germans, who claim to be Hungarian and whose children do not speak a word of German. Not a few among the victims have been driven to extreme measures against themselves or their families. Babies perish because their mothers are unable to care for them in the excruciating and privations of the journey. We do not want to go into further details. There is one means of staying behind and this is the saddest about the whole procedure. If the people involved renounce their property and can supply some guarantee who is willing to keep them after they have been stripped of everything. In such cases does the person involved cease to be German or Soubian? Is he no longer dangerous for the Hungarian nation? These are frightening questions. And all this takes place at a time when human dignity, personal liberty, the security of life and property, life without fear, all these fine and desirable democratic principles and

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Good Morning!
Positively Rileous
According to an American correspondent, 2,000,000 hungry Chinese in Hong Kong may riot against 40,000 British.... Really, this is too much....

The Czechoslovak Minister of Information, Mr. Kopecky, sounds a bit as if he'd been bought over by the Russians.

"Comet" and "Chevron" have collided. Wot, Star against Stripe? Bad omen for someone.

Seems like the Legislative Yuan has a yen for someone who can marshal the KMT forces better. But it's an awful headache of a job which would let you an' me up like that. Even looking in the crystal ball we shan't clearly who'll take it over. But common, have a guess.

The U.S. is closing the Mukden Consulate General. Up in those parts there was no business visible.

To the FBI, Eisler is the biggest of them all—the one that got away.

Almost looks as if that missing U-235 must have been snatched up by some flying saucer.

FI-Red. In spite of what is now being said, an MP of the extreme left could hardly expect the Labour Party to treat him right.

"Siberia, Here I Come!" In the new German "People's Congress" a single voice shouted "Nein!" to the new Constitution for East Germany. Why, there in the heart of that big, beautiful juicy, red apple bared a lone miserable, biased, bourgeois, reactionary, fascist worm!

No Admission. It's a bit of an Ark that they can't go climbing Mt. Ararat.

"W" wants to know that happens to Hong Kong Government rice? Come, come, "W". Wouldn't you like to take it easy in a nice villa out Repulse Bay and never work again? Why be so confoundedly nosy about matters which really only concern the Chinese, you know....

According to the new Chinese army pay scale a Chinese private gets five silver dollars and a general 10. Now that does seem a reasonable assessment of their respective values.

rary—where, it is undeniable, there was a strongly developed caste system based on birth and class—a new caste system was developed after the "liberation" on a purely party basis. Gradually things developed in such a way that under the enforced membership system of the trade unions a worker or a clerk could only obtain a position (or be secure in a position already obtained) if he was a member of one of the workers' parties; or if, outside them, he still belonged to one of the coalition parties and advocated full co-operation with the Marxist forces.

(To Be Continued Tomorrow)



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NEW DEFENCE PLAN?

The news that Mr. A.V. Alexander, Britain's Minister of Defence, is flying to Hong Kong is exceedingly interesting, and will give rise to considerable speculation. Whatever may be said officially, the visit to this small colony of a member of the Cabinet who is in constant communication with our military leaders all over the world is obviously significant.

Mr. Alexander is concerned with such matters as the defence of the United Kingdom (if such is possible in an atomic war), the Atlantic Pact, our strength in the Mediterranean, the new strategy in Africa, revised relations with India and Burma—and of course, with a Pacific Pact, if such a proposal should at long last be seriously considered. In the event of any future attack on Hong Kong, his would be largely the responsibility for ensuring that it could be successfully defended.

The burden on the shoulders of such a man is heavy, and his time very much occupied. There is no expectation that he himself should be an expert in the realm over which he presides. The minister is appointed to decide on general questions of policy and administration, depending on the technical efficiency of permanent civil servants to implement details. Further, he normally makes use of advice from officials of the Crown in distant parts to inform him on current events. These, of course, tend to be coloured by the background and current position of the writers, and a balanced picture is usually only to be obtained from comments by itinerant back-bench MPs and the articles of newspaper correspondents.

However, it is unusual for a Cabinet minister to travel 10,000 miles to a small outpost of the Empire to see for himself. For one thing, no one expects him to be personally capable of making skilled observations on complicated matters, and for another, he is likely to meet only the highest government officials and most prominent businessmen, all of whose views he could obtain and examine while sitting in the comfortable chair of his own study. It is true that Socialist statesmen have travelled abroad frequently since coming into power, but mostly to such accessible places with good food and unrationed plenty as New York and Paris. They have the legal right to use some of the taxpayers' money for such worthy excursions.

Mr. Alexander, it must be admitted, has more qualifications than most of his colleagues in the House. Apart from being Minister of Defence since 1946, he was First Lord of the Admiralty for three periods, and has, therefore, some knowledge of defence matters. He also served in the Army, being gazetted out with the rank of captain.

Just what Mr. Alexander expects to achieve we do not know. If he should return to London with a heightened appreciation of the importance of this Colony, determined to make arrangements for large-scale and speedy despatch of reinforcements in time of danger, we can applaud his mission. But if he is only to talk with a selected number of notables, he will learn little that he did not know before he left. We may be accused of be-

"FAR be it from us to wish to interfere with the ordinary home affairs or the government of another state. This, however, is a different matter. No one could be deceived today by certain explanations and justifications of the Czechoslovak decree that the system of public labour service serves no other purpose than the work of reconstruction.

The steps that have been taken show clearly the whole intention: to deport every Hungarian living in Slovakia from his ancestral home. In spite of the Paris decision of the Great Powers forbidding these deportations, there have been repeated official declarations by the Czech authorities according to which the Hungarian problem must be settled at all costs, finally and irrevocably. The circumstances and means employed to force Hungarians into the so-called 'temporary labour service' must convince every body of what is happening in Czechoslovakia. This is borne out by those Hungarians who have fled to the mother country at the risk of their lives. The exact and authentic account of these events, the revelation in all their squalid details of these inhuman injuries is not our task. It is, together with the steps and remedy the position, the duty of the Hungarian Government, which, we are certain, is going to perform it to its fullest ability.

"We cannot conceal the various events: the confiscation of farms and estates, the complete deprivation of individuals of their property; the carrying-off of old people, children, pregnant and mothers, all with extreme cruelty. "Even if these persecuted people were non-Hungarians, we would consider it our duty to raise our voices on their behalf, as these actions are serious violations of human rights.

Cry For Justice

"But we, the community of Hungarian Catholics, have every right to cry for justice from the bottom of our hearts. We demand the immediate designation of an independent international commission to establish the facts objectively. This should serve as a basis for the just intervention of the United Nations in order to protect peace and human rights."

"God grant that those who possess the power and are responsible for its just application to God should open their hearts to our present cry for help!"

—Esztergom, December 14, 1946.

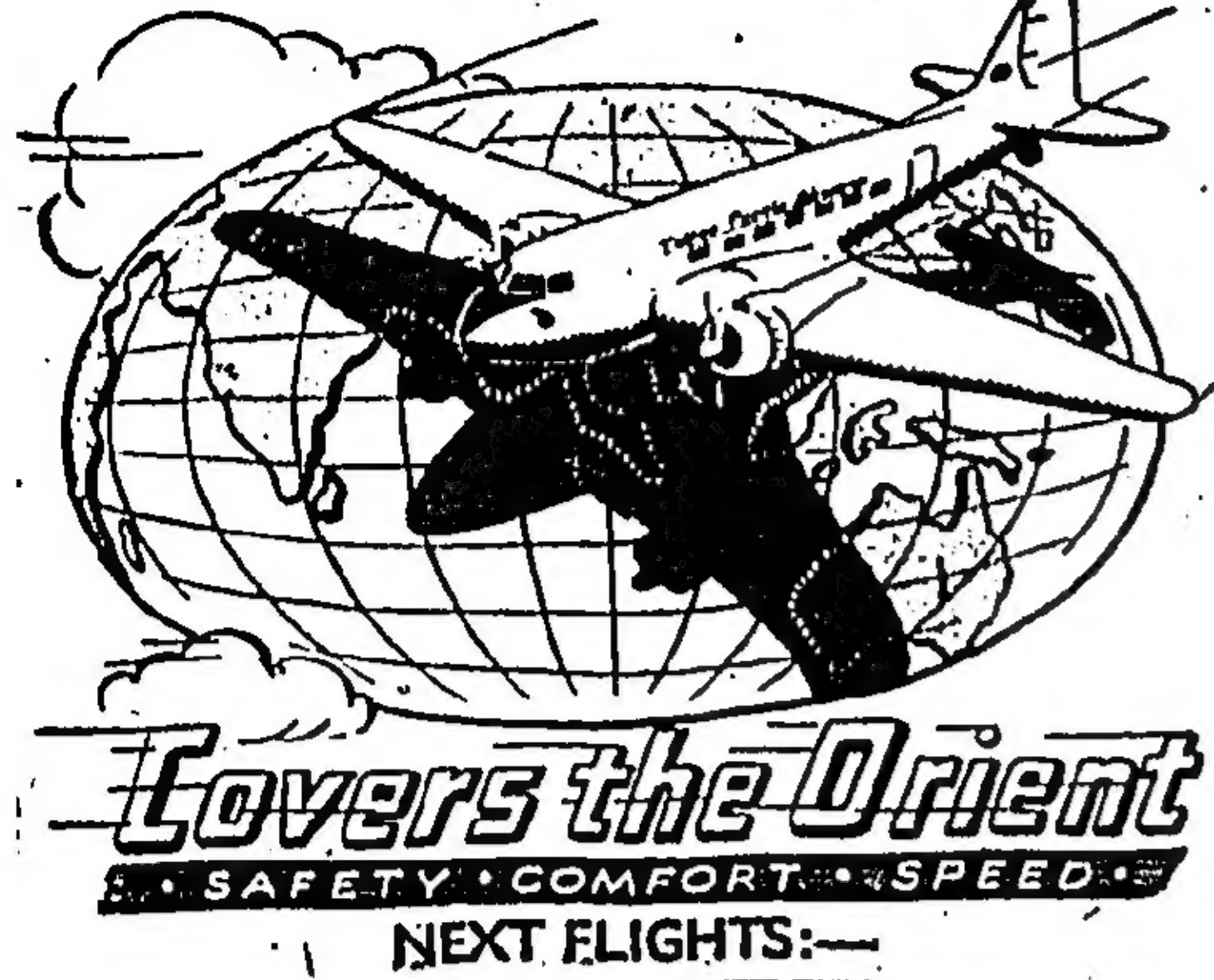
In the name of Hungarian Catholics, in accordance with the decision of the Bench of Bishops.

Joseph Mindszenty, Cardinal, Primate of Hungary, Archbishop of Esztergom. On February 2, 1947, the Hungarian Catholics in Czechoslovakia, in accordance with the decision of the Bench of Bishops, begged them to intercede with the Czechoslovak Government to stop the persecution and to stem the tide of hatred. "Let your courageous words be heard by the Great Powers which have entrusted our souls to you so that they may recognise and fulfil their duties to us."

On February 5, Joseph Mindszenty, Cardinal-Primate of Hungary, sent the following cable to H.M. George VI of Great Britain and to Mr. Truman, President of the United States, in order to secure the cessation of the terrible persecution of Hungarians in Czechoslovakia.

"With deep respect and hopeful trust I appeal to you about the cruelly terrible persecution of almost 652,000 Hungarians during the past two years under Czechoslovak rule. Collectively, without legal judgment, every one of them has been deprived of his human rights, property, religious and cultural liberties. These rights

ing somewhat carping in our comments regarding the Minister's arrival, but our apparent lack of enthusiasm is only due to anxiety lest his visit be unproductive. We do in fact genuinely welcome Mr. Alexander, and hope that his journey will prove worth while.



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MANILA	Wednesday	15th	"
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LITTLE PROGRESS IN MEETING ON GERMANY

Agreement In Principle On Kommandatura For Berlin BUT SPLIT ON VETO

Paris, June 2.
The Foreign Ministers' Council agreed in principle on Wednesday on revival of the Allied Kommandatura to govern Berlin.

But they split on a Western proposal to limit the veto in the four-power body, and so their first attempt to reach an understanding on ending East-West strife in the city was blocked.

Bluntly, the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, said the Western powers have won the right to be in Berlin by force of arms and are going to stay there.

The veto, he said, should apply only to major issues, other questions should be settled by a majority vote, while yet others could be settled outside by the Germans themselves.

A routine municipal operation of cleaning streets, collecting garbage and furnishing water supply should not be allowed to become an international issue, he said.

Andrei Vishinsky, Soviet Foreign Minister, at one point seemed to indicate willingness to place some matters outside the control of the Kommandatura. But later he insisted that a unanimous vote on all decisions is the only way to govern.

The point is important in any agreement on Berlin because the Russians have used the veto in the past to block actions by the city government. They prevented Ernst Reuter from taking office as Lord Mayor after he was elected. When they finally walked out of the Kommandatura and the city was split, Reuter was elected again by the Western sectors.

Mr. Acheson declared that all four powers are there (in Berlin) by the force of their armies and the restoration of their people, and not merely because of any international agreements such as Potsdam.

There To Stay

He urged the Council to recognize that all four nations are there to stay and that they have to get along together. He proposed that the Council discuss Mr. Vishinsky's proposal of last week that the Kommandatura be re-established, that a unified city government be set up by free city-wide elections under four-power control, and that a city constitution be written.

Mr. Acheson said the unlimited veto is a most arbitrary and dictatorial method of preventing action, and could be used for the sole purpose of coercing others to accept conditions desired by one as the price of acquiescence in any action. He attacked Mr. Vishinsky's position that the Western powers are in Berlin as the result of international agreements which include the right of veto, and that Berlin's controlling body therefore should include the same right.

Point Shelved

Mr. Acheson quoted the European Advisory Commission agreement which set up zones of occupation in Germany and divided Berlin to prove it states nothing about veto rights. This agreement was before Potsdam. He conceded that the commanders on the spot agreed to veto rights, but maintained that a local agreement could not take precedence over any agreement on a national level.

The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, and the French Foreign Minister, Mr. Robert Schuman, also supported Mr. Acheson.

Finally, the Western ministers urged Mr. Vishinsky to drop any further discussion on the veto until the functions and powers of a new Kommandatura have been decided.

Mr. Vishinsky's reply to this at first was not clear, but after the meeting a Soviet spokesman said Mr. Vishinsky had agreed to discuss the functions of the four-power body.

"Not Very Far"

In opening the meeting, Mr. Vishinsky again attacked the West German Bonn Constitution as undemocratic and unacceptable.

American sources said Mr. Acheson had proposed to Mr. Vishinsky that the Council sessions be put on a restricted basis. That would mean official observers would not brief newspapers on what goes on at the Council sessions as at present.

The Soviet Foreign Minister said he will have to get instructions from Moscow.

Germany To Hold General Election

Frankfurt, June 1.

The three Western Deputy Military Governors today authorised the State Ministers President to promulgate West Germany's Electoral Law.

The Premiers will hold a general election, Germany's first for 16 years, on August 14. The Deputy Governors reached their decision after two meetings today to discuss changes unanimously requested by the Premiers after an all-night sitting last night.

Details about which of the Premiers' proposals the Deputy Governors incorporated in the final authorised version of the Law will be withheld until the authorising letter has been sent to them.

It is not believed that the Premiers, whose decision is final, have agreed to any major change in the electoral system.

The Governors seem to have regarded the Premiers' desire for a major change as an expression of opinion rather than a serious demand. The Ministers-President put forward a desire for a major change in the Law as drafted as well as a number of technical proposals, after the all-night sitting.

First British Commissioner To Germany

London, June 1.
General Sir Brian Robertson, British Military Governor, and Commander-in-Chief in Germany, will be the first British High Commissioner for Germany on the Commission's establishment, the Foreign Office announced today.

The General will be second from the Army to take up the appointment. General Robertson was offered the post by the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, during his recent visit to Berlin.—Reuter.

WINSTON SEES PREMIER

London, June 1.
The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, and Mr. Winston Churchill conferred today on the problem of Britain's defence—their first meeting on defence matters.

Today's meeting is expected to lead to fuller conferences later this month when the Defence Minister, Mr. A. V. Alexander, and Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, will attend. Mr. Churchill will probably be accompanied by Lord Cherwell, his scientific adviser.

Because of secrecy on Britain's air, land and naval planning, opposition members have complained in the House of Commons that they are unable to judge the country's defences.

Today's Attlee-Churchill talks was the outcome.—Associated Press.

PAKISTAN EXTENDS RULE

Karachi, June 1.

The Pakistan Government today announced the extension to June 30, 1950, of the open general licence for goods from Sterling and soft currency areas.

(An open general licence means that goods coming under it can be imported without specific import licences.)

Additions to the open licence include motorcars whose cost, insurance and freight do not exceed 12,000 rupees, silk, artificial silk and stainless steel cutlery.—Reuter.

Frankfurt, June 1.

Dr. Thomas Alfred Chapin, who was suffragan Bishop of Colchester from 1922 to 1933, died on Tuesday night at his home at Frankfurt at the age of 81.—Associated Press.

STERLING AREA AND JAPAN

Singapore, June 1.

New arrangements for Sterling area trade with Japan will come into force next month.

This was disclosed by E. R. Lindeman, economic adviser to the United Kingdom mission in Tokyo, on his arrival in Singapore by air from Hong Kong this afternoon.

His mission to Singapore is to discuss problems arising from these new arrangements in trade in which Malaysia is taking a big part.

Mr. Lindeman is meeting the European, Chinese and Indian Chambers of Commerce on Thursday.—Associated Press.

Britain Still Leads Field

London, June 1.

Britain is still the world's largest exporter of motorcars, the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders stated today.

It denied reports that British car exports are falling. In the first quarter of the year 57,500 cars, 23,000 commercial vehicles, and 25,500 tractors were sold overseas—more than in any similar previous period, it said.

April figures were 19,500 cars and 7,200 commercial vehicles. Canada—a growing market—took 1,942 cars and 500 commercial vehicles in April and was the third largest customer for the first four months of this year.—Reuter.

London, June 1.

Princess Elizabeth, who is suffering from a slight chill, today shows signs of improvement but is remaining in her room for the present, it is learned at Buckingham Palace.—Reuter.

A "THIRD FORCE" NEEDED FOR PEOPLES OF ASIA

New York, June 2.

Carlos Romulo, in an interview with the United Nations World Magazine—an unofficial publication—says that what the peoples of Asia really want is a third force.

The Philippines' chief delegate to the UN said the Asiatics want a third force in their governments, their economies and in their world political orientations.

He defined such a force this way:

"In fact, India, Pakistan, Thailand, Burma, Vietnam, the Philippines, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand and British Malaya already constitute a solid bloc of third force countries—countries that are non-Communist but not necessarily anti-Communist countries which desire planned economies for their people, leaving scope, however, for private capital and private initiative."

"In fact, we believe that a third force coming out of Asia will eventually become the catalyst that can produce a peaceful solution of the current world conflict."

Mr. Romulo said the primary concern of the Asiatic peoples is to rid themselves of colonialism.

Urgent Problem

Asked if the Red victory in China portends a Communist sweep through Asia, Mr. Romulo replied: "It certainly does not. The struggle of the Asian people for nationhood and sovereignty has nothing to do with the aims or ideas of Communism."

Mr. Romulo said Asia's most urgent problem today is to eliminate by democratic means three factors that produce a fertile and virulent breeding ground for Communism—colonialism, poverty and ignorance.

Asked what he thinks will be the outcome of Sino-Indian rivalry for Asian leadership, Mr. Romulo replied: "Personally I profoundly admire Mr. Nehru. I think he is a great, farseeing and courageous leader. However, what we need in Asia is unity, not leadership alone—unity on the basis of equality, respect and understanding, not on the basis of strength and will of any one personally whoever he may be."—Associated Press and United Press.

FATE OF HMS AMETHYST

London, June 2.

British Naval sources indicated on Wednesday that they are still hoping to get the battered British sloop Amethyst out of Chinese Communist hands.

John Dugdale, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, recently asked members of the House of Commons to defer asking more questions about the Amethyst for the time being.

The Admiralty is understood to prefer no publicity for fear that it may prejudice negotiations. In Singapore, a British Far East Naval station spokesman said the sloop has been unable to move because the Royal Navy has not been able to find any Communist with sufficient authority to grant safe conduct down the Yangtze River.

The spokesman reported that all 60 men on board are well, adding that two wounded men have returned from a Communist hospital.—Associated Press.

Government Success In Burma

Rangoon, June 1.

Burmese Government forces, continuing their Northern drive towards Prome, have reached the outskirts of Tharawaddy, 78 miles North of Rangoon, pro-Government sources said here today.

They are expected to link up at any moment with pro-Government guerrillas surrounding the town. The Burmese Government Radio said tonight that the rebel garrison in Prome—main target of its offensive—are moving food stocks into the near-by jungle, presumably to make a stand there during the monsoon.

A severe battle is raging between police, Karens and Communists at Tabong, in the Baseline Delta district, the Radio added. Government police claimed today to have arrested in Rangoon four men and three women, believed to be leading Communists.

They were captured during a raid yesterday on a Communist hide-out in which hand-grenades were found.—Reuter.

HOUSE COLLAPSE KILLS 10

Cairo, June 1.

Ten were killed and nine severely injured yesterday when another apartment house collapsed.

Newspapers, demanding Government action to solve the housing problem, note that 12 pupils were buried alive and 12 more injured on March 29 when the roof in Kadre Zayat school house caved in and 12 adults were killed and 25 injured on April 27 in Cairo when an apartment house collapsed.—United Press.



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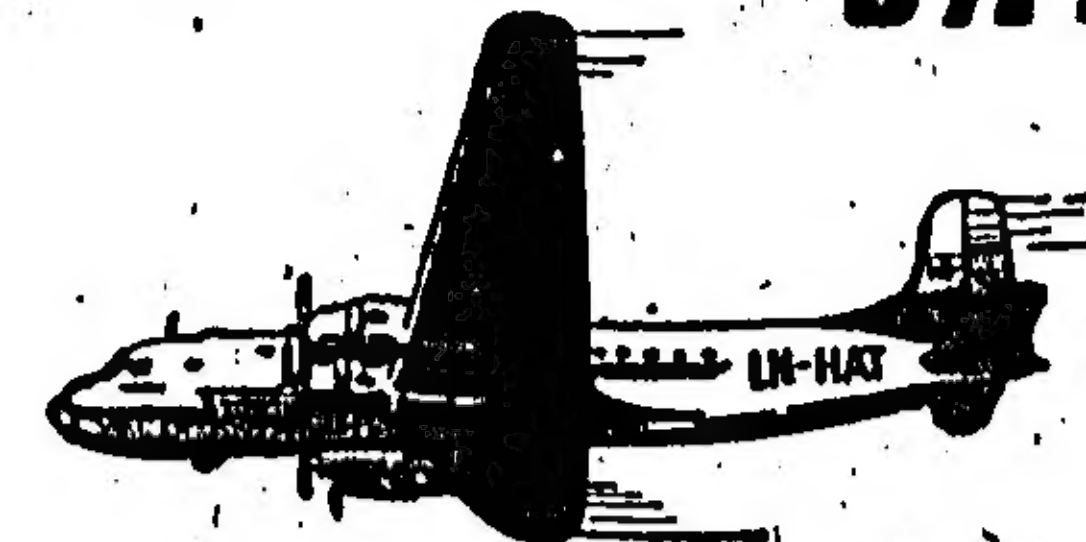
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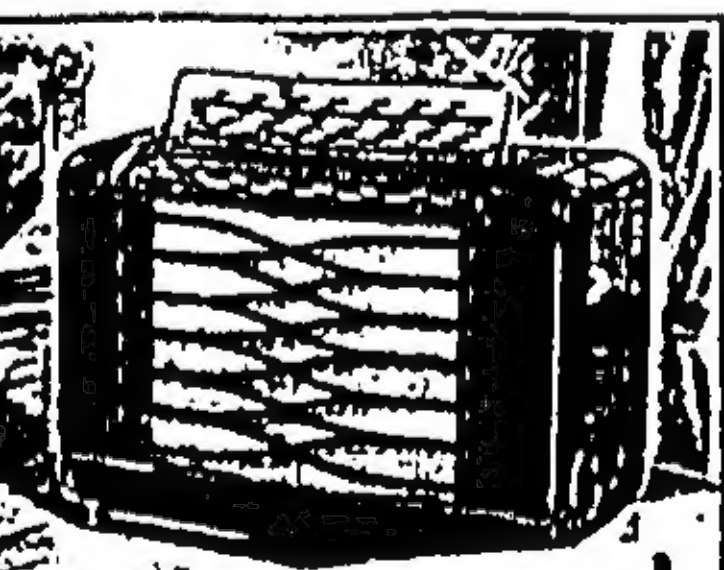
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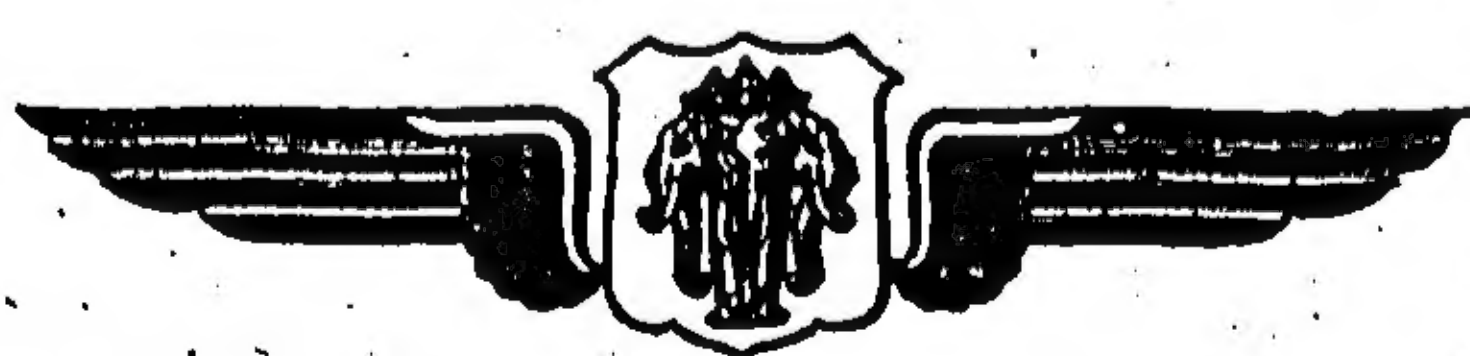
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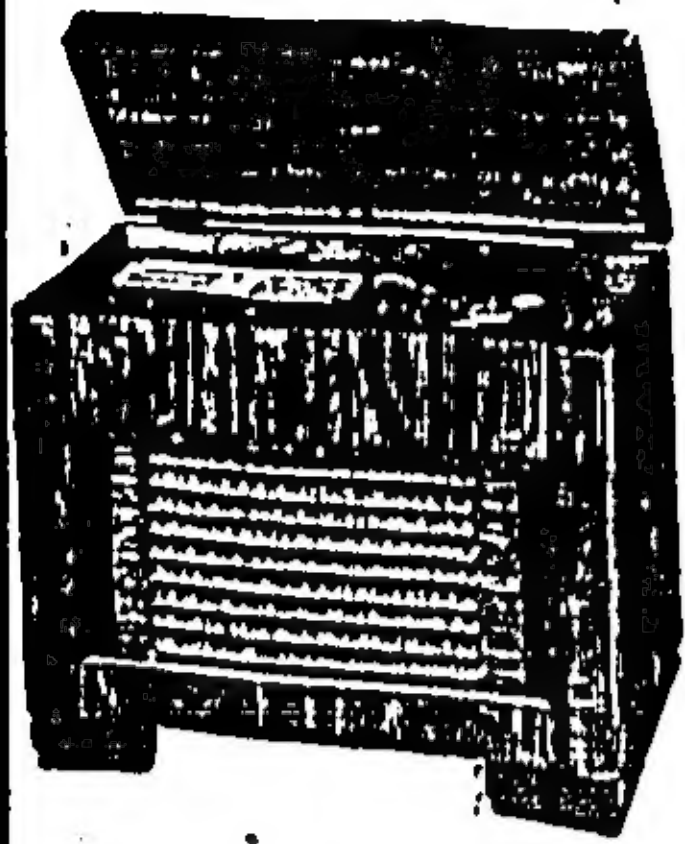
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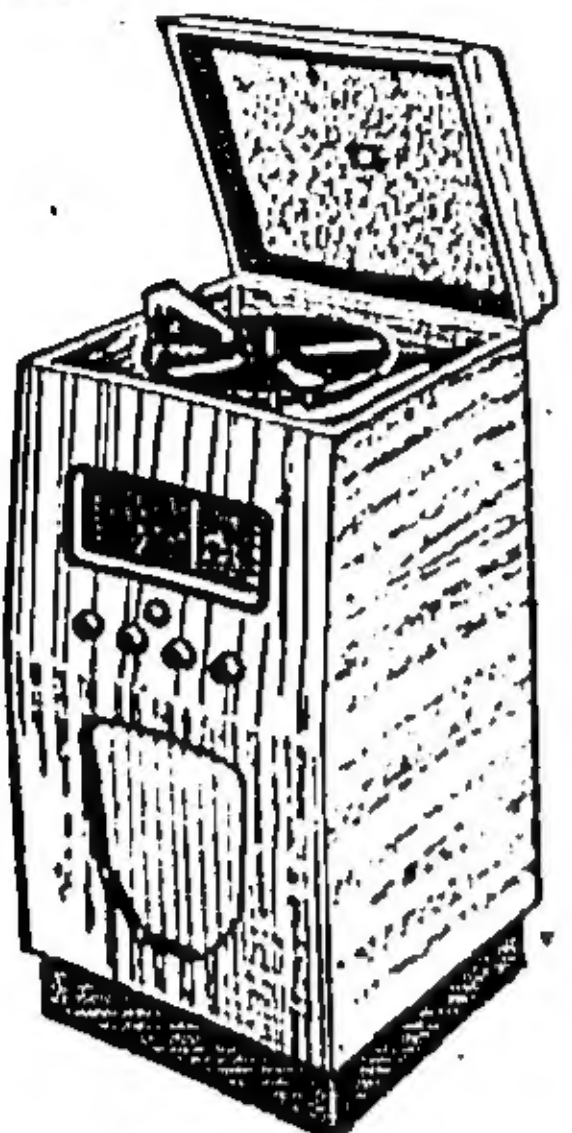
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MEDIATION PLAN IN CASE OF WAR

Geneva, June 1.

France today proposed that the nations of the world elect a 30-member Committee of Mediators in case an atomic war should leave no State neutral.

The proposal was laid before the 60-nation conference, meeting here, to revise the outdated "Rules of Warfare" of the present Red Cross treaties.

LONDON PHONE TO PAKISTAN

London, June 1.

A direct radio telephone circuit between Britain and Pakistan was inaugurated today.

Hitherto calls from London to Karachi have gone via India. The voice of Mr. Z. K. Khan, Secretary to the Pakistani Cabinet, was heard in London saying that the new direct circuit forged another link in the Commonwealth communications network, and would not doubt provide the much needed facility of easy contact to the peoples of the two countries.

As he finished speaking, the Assistant Postmaster-General in Britain, Mr. C. R. Hobson, congratulated Mr. Khan on being the first person to speak on the new service.

Agreeing with what Mr. Khan had said about the importance of the new Commonwealth link, Mr. Hobson said that it will undoubtedly help promote the friendship between the two countries which both Governments and peoples so much desire. It will also help mutual trade and bring prosperity to both countries.

The London-Karachi direct service is restricted to the hours of 7.30-9.30 and 10.30-3.00 G.M.T. Calls cost £3 for three minutes and £1 for each additional minute.—Reuter.

MOUNTBATTEN BILL PASSED

London, June 1.

The House of Lords today passed the Mountbatten Estate Bill, the object of which is to give Lady Mountbatten control over the inheritance from her grandfather, the late Sir Ernest Cassel.

The Bill now goes to the House of Commons where some opposition is expected on the ground that there are about 100 families similarly placed who should have the same relief.

Lady Mountbatten's solicitors stated a few weeks ago that because of increased taxation the net income of Lord and Lady Mountbatten has been reduced to one-ninth of what it was after their marriage in 1922.

This reduction coincided with an ever-increasing range of public duties.—Reuter.

NUJ LEAVES WORLD BODY

London, June 1.

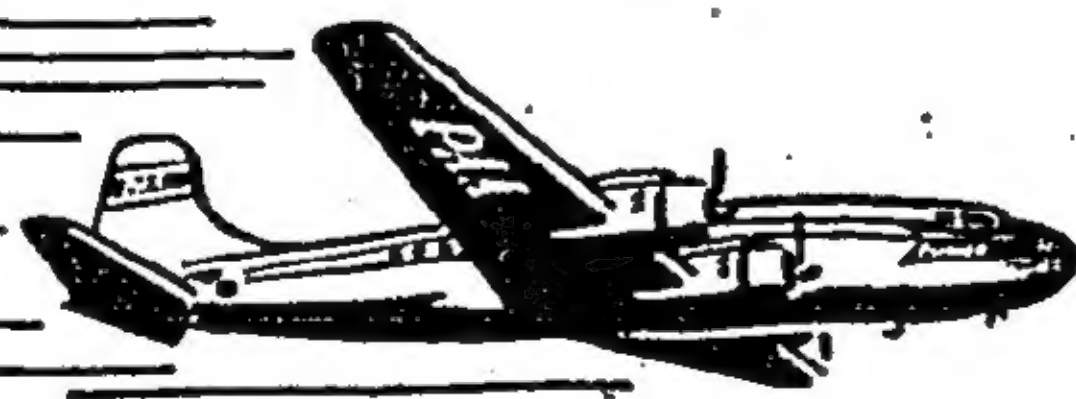
The British National Union of Journalists today announced that its members have voted to withdraw from the International Organisation of Journalists.

The Union passed a resolution at its annual conference expressing its profound regret that the International Organisation of Journalists has been consistently used for purposes of violent political propaganda rather than for the consideration of professional questions.—Reuter.

Madras, June 1.

Major Communist trouble in the Southern Tanjore district has caused the Government to place that area under an emergency, a spokesman said today.—Associated Press.

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UNION LEADERS FIGHTING TO AVERT LABOUR CRISIS

Communists In The Services

London, June 1.

The Defence Minister, Mr. A. V. Alexander, told Parliament today that nobody has been dismissed from the forces because he is a Communist or has Communist sympathies.

Mr. William Gallacher, Communist, had said that General I. Thomas had told the Yorkshire Post that they are going to Hong Kong to fight against the Communists.

Would the Minister free the Communists in the Armed Services from having to do this? Mr. Alexander did not reply.—Reuter.

Reform In The Civil Service

London, June 1.

Mr. Woodrow Wyatt, Labour, asked in the House of Commons today what is being done to ensure that the higher civil service grades in Malaya (and Singapore) are progressively filled by Malaysians and Chinese.

The Colonial Secretary, Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, replied: "The Governments of the Federation of Malaya and Singapore are anxious that as early progress as possible should be made in this fundamental matter, and I am satisfied that they will take any opportunity that may be open to them to further it."

He told Mr. Wyatt that he has informed the Governor that he welcomes the recommendation of the Public Services Commission that a Public Services Commission be established in Singapore.

"As the report is to be considered by the Legislative Council late this month, I propose to make no further statement at present," he added.—Reuter.

Presentation To Churchill

Kensington, June 1.

Mr. Winston Churchill, Britain's wartime leader, was presented with a scroll enclosed in a replica of the Captain-General's baton used by his great ancestor, the first Duke of Marlborough, when he became a Freeman of the Royal Borough of Kensington today.

The baton is made of walnut from a tree in the vicinity of Blenheim, Bavaria, which is known in England as Blenheim. Its wood is more than 200 years old and the tree was probably growing on the Blenheim battlefield when Marlborough led his men to victory against the French and Bavarians in 1704.—Reuter.

PI CABINET

Manila, June 1.

The Cabinet met today at Malacanang Palace to act on pending urgent matters, it was officially announced.

The special meeting, called by the President last night, also discussed the bills passed during the last session of Congress.—Reuter.

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"Go Slow" Tactics In Industry

London, June 1.

The threat of paralysis in Britain's railroads and docks is today being held in check, though nearly 2,500 railmen are using "go-slow" tactics and 4,700 dockers are on strike.

Trade union leaders are fighting hard to avert what seems to be an imminent danger of a development of the trouble to crisis proportions before the week-end.

Their efforts secured the agreement of railmen at one of the most important North of England freight yards to abandon their "go-slow" campaign until the National Union of Railwaymen has had time to negotiate on a claim for a 10 shillings a week wage raise.

But this was offset by the simultaneous decision of 900 men at another Northern yard to begin "go-slow" working, and similar action by nearly 200 men at four smaller yards in London.

One of these depots handles cross-Channel traffic, and exports of perishable fruit from Italy and France are piling up at Dover and along the line to London.

Trade union leaders went today to Nine Elms, the largest of the yards affected, to plead with the men to work normally to clear export goods which must be loaded on ships by Friday if they are to reach their markets in South Africa before the Union's new import restrictions take effect.

The officials were jeered at and 400 of the men attended a meeting to vote to continue "go-slow" tactics.

The other rail dispute, in which locomotive crews are stopping most traffic on one of the key routes from London to Scotland by a 24-hour token strike every Sunday shows signs of worsening today.

Men at the important Northern port of Hull decided to join the token strike from next Sunday.

Services Drafted

The Minister of Labour, Mr. George Isaacs, announced in Parliament today that he has sent a letter to the National Union of Railwaymen saying he finds it difficult to believe the accuracy of a report in the Press that the Union Executive has found it impossible to take further action on the Sunday strikes in North East England.

He has invited the NUR Executive to tell him what steps will be taken to ensure that there will be no continuation of this unofficial action. The strikes were set off by discontent over new working schedules.

Union leaders who tried to persuade dockworkers at Liverpool and Avonmouth to return to work had no success and tonight Naval and Air Force men are being drafted to Avonmouth to join soldiers who have been employed there since last Friday discharging perishable cargoes.

The men maintained their refusal to restart without an assurance that none would be asked to work on a Canadian

LABOUR PARTY'S CONGRESS

London, June 1.

The five-million strong Labour Party, preparing for next year's general election against a background of industrial unrest, will meet at Blackpool next week, for the biggest annual conference in its history.

For a week, 1,480 delegates will wrestle with crucial problems, notably the stress of the present austerity living conditions, that threaten party unity.

The paramount and immediate task of the leaders is to close its industrial and political ranks to meet next year's Conservative effort to recapture the Government of Britain.

Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, will confront the Congress with the "down to earth" realities of Britain's recovery effort. This cannot succeed without the continued support of the eight-million-strong National Trade Union Movement.

Britain's present railway and docks disputes, and industry's increasing wage-increase demands, will be put in perspective with the Government's "freeze wages, prices, profits" policy.

Labour leaders believe that the party's own prestige, as well as the country's economic future, depend upon the success of the policy, but it is expected that a number of delegates will strongly challenge the official, austere argument on the score that wages are not keeping pace with the rising cost of living.—Reuter.

Atomic Chief Up Before Congress

Washington, June 1.

Mr. David Lilienthal, chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, went on trial before Congress today on charges of bad management of the nation's atomic energy programme and was promptly accused of security laxity.

In the Joint Congressional Atomic Committee, Senator William Knowland sprang the most sensational charge by saying he has information that a "master key file" at the Argonne laboratory near Chicago was left open at times and guards were not ordered to report security violations.

Senator Bourke Hickenlooper, who brought about the inquiry by accusing Mr. Lilienthal of incredible mismanagement of the atomic programme, promised to produce proof in support of his charges and said his evidence today is only the first chapter in a lengthy book.

Last week Senator Brian McMahon, chairman of the committee, said the issue goes to the heart of U.S. national defence. He added that the purpose of the investigation is to get at the truth and promised that there will be no persecution and no whitewash.

Committee members asked Mr. Lilienthal for information on reports of security laxity when several ounces of atomic explosive were reported missing last

winter. Mr. Lilienthal has since reported the recovery of all but one-ounce of an ounce.

Senator Knowland did not say where he obtained the information about the "master key file", which he described as a cabinet in which keys are kept.

He also asked Mr. Lilienthal about reports that green stickers are given to some people at Argonne to keep guards from looking in their motorcars as they pass the plant gates.

Mr. Lilienthal said he knows nothing about the reports but will give the committee a full statement after he has looked into them.—United Press.

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DRAMATIC DEVELOPMENTS

Cyrenaica Emir Declares Independence

DANISH BUTTER FOR UK?

London, June 2. A Danish delegation has reached London for negotiations for a long-term butter contract between Denmark and Britain.

Prospects are reported to be favourable for an increase in butter supplies for Britain provided that a price agreeable to both sides can be settled.

The Danish delegation is headed by S. Overgaard, President of the National Federation of Danish Dairy Associations.

M. Overgaard told a reporter that production is rising steadily in Denmark and, given a long-term contract at an economic price, Denmark could make a considerable contribution toward increasing the British butter ration.

"We certainly are anxious to do our best to help you," he said.

M. Overgaard said there is no reason why Denmark should not soon reach its pre-war butter production mark if she is permitted to import feedings and the price is right.

He said butter production at the moment is 25 per cent above the figure at this time last year.

—Associated Press.

RICE OFFER REJECTED

Manila, June 2. President Quirino today said the Philippines will not be party to any international black marketing of rice although it will welcome a legitimate opportunity to buy rice at reasonable prices.

The statement was made in connection with a reported offer by a Chinese syndicate of rice worth US\$1,000,000.

The President said world distribution of rice is still controlled by the International Emergency Food Council and the Government is abiding by international commitments.

—United Press.

POW'S BACK FROM RUSSIA

Vienna, June 1. Eight hundred Austrian prisoners of war who returned from Russia today said that their treatment during the last year had improved tremendously.

The men, who seem in good physical condition, said that during the last year for the first time they had been able to buy food and supplement their ration with money earned on farms and in factories.

They said they had been forced to attend anti-Fascist lectures.

—Associated Press.

FLOOD DEATHS

Milan, June 1. Two deaths and heavy damage are reported today from areas in North Italy flooded by torrential rains in the last 48 hours.

About 50 were injured in the floods which centred mainly in the Brescia and Bergamo areas. Fourteen were killed and a landslide wrecked mountain villages.

—United Press.



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British Grant Of Self-Government

Bonghazi, June 1.

Britain today announced that she recognises the Grand Sonussi, Emir Driss El Sonussi, as head of the State of Cyrenaica, and accepts the formation of a National Government.

Mr. de Candole, British Administrator of Cyrenaica, told the Assembly of the National Congress of Cyrenaica here that the British Government is inviting the Grand Sonussi to London for discussion on the new Government.

Cyrenaica, the Eastern part of Libya bordering Egypt, is inhabited by 250,000 Sonussi, united, a century ago by Driss El Sonussi's grandfather into a powerful Moslem community, famed for their zeal in the defence of Islam.

From 1923 they were under Italian Fascist rule, their Emir in exile in Egypt. Mr. Anthony Eden, then British Foreign Secretary, declared in the House of Commons in January, 1942: "At the end of the war the Sonussis in Cyrenaica will, in no circumstances, fall under Italian domination."

Cyrenaica has been under British Military Administration, in co-operation with the Grand Sonussi, since the end of the war. The National Congress, containing representatives of the urban, rural and tribal sections of the community, was appointed by the Grand Sonussi for consultative purposes.

Mr. de Candole told the Assembly of the National Congress today, in the presence of the Grand Sonussi, that Britain recognised him, the free chosen leader of his people, as the head of the Cyrenaican Government.

The British Government, Mr. de Candole said, formally recognises the desire of the Cyrenaicans for self-government and will take all steps compatible with their international obligations to promote it.

"They agree to the formation of a Cyrenaican Government with responsibility over internal affairs and they invite the Emir to visit London for discussions on this matter."

In taking these steps they wish to emphasise that nothing will be done to prejudice the eventual future of Libya as a whole.

Emir Declares Independence

The Grand Sonussi earlier tonight issued a proclamation of independence and had asked for British recognition of his assumption of all the functions of Government.

The Emir made his statement at a meeting of the Cyrenaican National Congress. It is the independence of the country, and his intention to form a National Government, based on an elected Parliament, which will assume legislative, judicial and executive functions.

He said the people had waited patiently the outcome of the decisions of the United Nations at his request. Now he would ask them to wait no longer, but to declare independence and to ask for British support and for the support of the Arab States.

The Emir's statement was received by the members of the Congress with great enthusiasm. A descendant of the Prophet Mohammed, the bearded scholar Grand Sonussi, who returned to his home land in 1944 after 21 years in exile in Egypt, has been demanding Cyrenaican independence during the long-drawn-out United Nations discussions of the future of Italy's colonies.

Since the Eighth Army swept across the former Italian colony in 1944, Libya has been divided into two separate administrations—Tripolitania and Cyrenaica.

In both Cyrenaica and Tripolitania there has been considerable support for a united Libya with the Grand Sonussi as sovereign. Economically, each country is dependent on the other, but conversations in Benghazi broke down over the future form of government. The Tripolitans were prepared to accept the Grand Sonussi during his lifetime, but would be autonomous after his death, dishing the idea of establishing a Sonussi ruling dynasty. The choice of a capital was also hotly disputed.

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent writes: The proclamation of full independence for Cyrenaica by the Emir tonight, shortly ahead of Britain's official offer of

Vital Step Ahead

Britain's invitation to the Emir to come to London to discuss the setting up of a Cyrenaican Government, announced by the British Administrator, is limited by international obligations.

The Government proposed by Britain will be subject to the British Military Administration until a decision on the future of Cyrenaica has been taken by the United Nations. It will control internal affairs only.

The proclamation by the Emir, claiming to exercise all the functions of government, was a vital step ahead of what the British Government is at present able to concede or recognise.

The Foreign Office spokesman in London today pointed out that Britain's offer to Cyrenaica involves no change in the international status of this part of Libya, which will, like all the former African colonies of Italy, remain subject to the decision of the United Nations and under the present control of the British Military Administration.

Britain's decision to agree to the formation of a Cyrenaican Government with control over internal affairs is promoted by the belief that Cyrenaica is a compact political unit, ripe for self-government.

Until now, the self-government plans prepared by the local British Military Administration have been held up in the hope of a decision on the future of Italy's former African colonies either by the Council of Foreign Ministers or by the United Nations.

Britain's decision results directly, it is considered by diplomatic observers in London, from the failure of the United Nations General Assembly to decide the fate of the former Italian colonies at its last session.

The Foreign Office spokesman in London pointed out today that it is now six years since Cyrenaica came under British military administration and that political progress in the area cannot be held up indefinitely.

Libyan Unity

He stressed that the decision will, in no way, affect the international status of the relations of Cyrenaica, which will remain under British military administration.

It was also emphasised in London that the move is without prejudice to any decision which the United Nations may eventually take about the future of Cyrenaica, and is also not regarded as likely to frustrate the eventual unity of Libya.

The Foreign Office spokesman said that there is no question of Cyrenaica entering into treaty relations with Britain, since this would definitely affect its existing international status.

The British Government does not at present contemplate a similar move in the case of Tri-

Bogo Sea Disaster

Manila, June 1.

The death toll in the Bogo Sea disaster has risen from 24 to 52 with the recovery of more bodies of the ill-fated motor-propelled banca (sail-boat) Providence which sank last Wednesday while en route from Leyte to Bogo in the Southern Philippines.

At the same time the officers and crew of the boat were accused of multiple homicide in a complaint filed with the Bogo court following a Marine Board Inquiry of the disaster.—Reuter.

EISLER'S WIFE IN TROUBLE

New York, June 1.

A recommendation that Mrs. Gerhard Eisler be deported to Poland was made by the presiding officer at a meeting held on Ellis Island today by the Immigration and Naturalisation Service of the U.S. Government.

The announcement was made by the District Director, Edward Shaughenasy.

He said that the presiding officer recommended that Mrs. Eisler be deported to Poland for having remained in America as a visitor for a longer period than permitted.

The hearing opened at 9 a.m. and was concluded before 12 p.m.

Mrs. Eisler, aged 37, born in Poland, was re-arrested on a deportation warrant on May 13. Previously she had been at liberty on a charge of being in the U.S. illegally.

Her husband, her lawyer, announced that he will apply to the Federal court on Thursday for a writ of Habeas Corpus for his client's release from Ellis Island.

—Associated Press.

British Planes For Greece

London, June 1.

In the past 12 months Britain has delivered 74 fighter-bomber planes to the Greek Government, the Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, C. P. Mayhew, told the House of Commons today.

He added in response to a question that 20 aircraft the Greek Government had ordered in January, 1948, had been delivered by July and that 34 ordered last August have just been completed. By next August, Mr. Mayhew continued, Britain expects to complete 24 training and 12 transport aircraft ordered in April this year.

Replying to a Labour Member, Mr. Mayhew said the Greek Government is paying for the planes in dollars.—Associated Press.

The chief obstacle to the immediate creation of a Tri-politanian Government to control internal questions is the existence of substantial foreign minorities, especially Italians and Jews, and the less marked political cohesion than is present in Cyrenaica.

The Foreign Office spokesman said the British decision was taken in accordance with Article 73 of the Charter of the United Nations, which obliges the powers charged with administering non self-governing territories to promote self-government.—Reuter.

OVER-POPULATION WORST PROBLEM OF JAPAN TODAY

New York, June 2.

Over-population is described as "Japan's worst; if least publicised, problem" in an article appearing in the June issue of United Nations World Magazine.

The magazine, not an official publication of the UN, headlines the article as "Japan's New Live Weapon."

It says the problem of over-population overshadows all the reforms of the occupation.

Written under a Tokyo dateline by Denis Warner, Reuters and Australian Associated Press correspondent, the article reports:

"Three years since the war, the Japanese have produced 7,500,000 children, more than 10 per cent of the 1945 population."

"The figure is almost exactly equal to the total population of Australia; one of Japan's 'least forgiving former enemies'."

"Experts at General MacArthur's Research and Programme Division say they expect the population to reach 100,000,000 by 1970; but that it could reach that figure within 12 years and, by 1970 at the current rate of increase, would total more than 100,000,000."

Two Solutions

The article says that over-population alone, of the multi-tudinous problems that confront General MacArthur, has remained untouched.

It adds that while the Japanese are subject to heavy penalties if they retain too much corn to dry in their smoke filled houses, their contribution to the over-population of the country is entirely their own concern.

"Two possible solutions—emigration and birth control—appear obvious," said the article, but adds: "Neither, however, is acceptable."—Associated Press.

Eisler's Attack On U.S. Justice

Prague, June 1.

Gerhard Eisler, the German refugee who arrived here from Britain after the failure of an American request for his extradition, told a press conference today that American justice is no longer the justice of the people.

Replying to a question by a reporter about freedom to abscond from bail under the American system of justice, Eisler said: "There are many fine institutions and people in America, but American justice is not the justice of the people—it is the justice of the Attorney-General, Mr. Tom Clark, of Mr. J. Edgar Hoover and the Un-American Activities Committee."

He added that his wife, who is now held for deportation on Ellis Island, had refused to give evidence against him and was therefore arrested. He would not recommend to any country the American system of wanting wives to spy on their husbands.

Other points he made were: "The British magistrate who released me was fair."

"The Labour Government could not go too far because the British people did not like the affair and wanted my freedom."

On the reported statement that Mr. Tom Clark, the American Attorney-General, said that the United States would now end its efforts to secure his extradition, Eisler said: "It is very nice of him that he does not do what he cannot. If there was a Nobel Prize for petty-mindedness Mr. Clark would get it."

Eisler said that he will sue the United States Government for \$25,000. This would be an indemnity for all the trouble he had been put to during the past weeks.

CANTONESE BY RADIO

Owing to the illness of Mr. S.K. Lee, the feature "Cantonese by Radio" which usually appears on this page on Friday, is not published today.

Mr. Lee gives Cantonese lessons twice a week over Radio Hong Kong.

British Trawler In Incident

London, June 1.

Mr. Christopher Mayhew, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, today told Parliament that he hopes an early settlement will be reached over the Norwegian arrest of the Hall steam trawler, Lord Nuffield, on May 5.

The matter was recently discussed with the Norwegian Foreign Minister, Dr. Halvard Lange, he added. The Lord Nuffield was arrested by a Norwegian protection vessel for allegedly fishing in waters reserved to Norwegian fishing interests, Mr. Mayhew said.

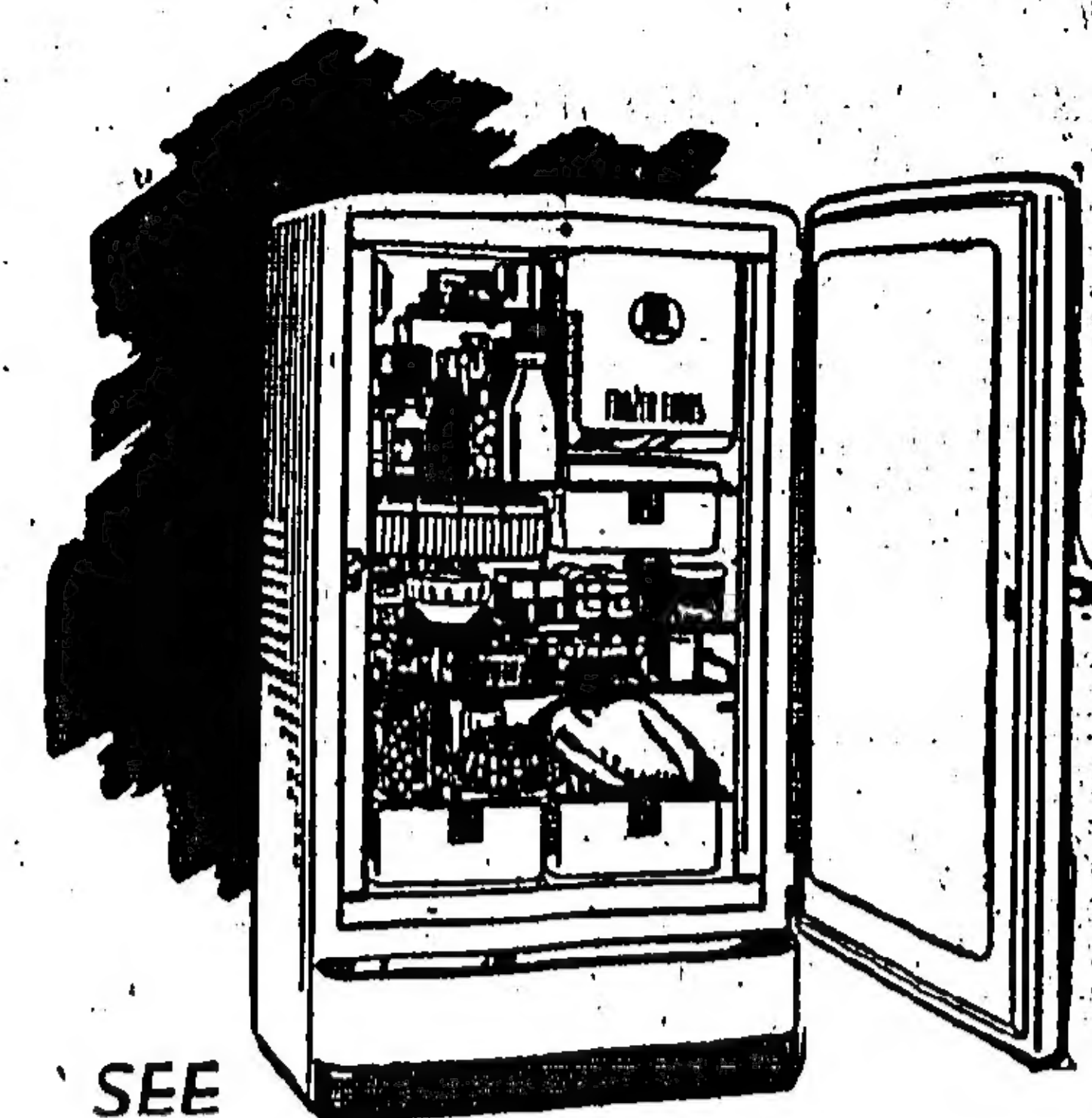
The trawler was taken into Vardo and there released, pending proceedings this month in the Norwegian Vardo Court. This and similar incidents are the outcome of the Norwegian claims to exercise fishing rights in waters that Britain regards as the high seas, he added.

Mr. Mayhew said that the British Ambassador in Oslo had been instructed to protest strongly against the trawler's arrest. Britain reserved, full rights, including the right to claim compensation for losses incurred.

Questioned as to whether protection is afforded to British trawlers, fishing outside Norwegian territorial waters, Mr. Mayhew said: "In times like this our attitude should be one of forbearance and a proper friendly spirit."

Norway claims a four-mile territorial limit extending beyond the farthest outlying rocks, whereas Britain considers that three miles is generally accepted in international law. The case involving the Lord Nuffield will come before the Vardo Court on June 18.

The incident is the sixth of its kind between British trawlers and Norwegian coastal vessels.—Reuter.



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YOSHIDA WARNING TO JAPANESE ON WAR RUMOURS

Tokyo, June 2.

The Premier, Shigeru Yoshida, speaking on a nationwide broadcast last night, warned the Japanese people not to be misled by mere rumours regarding the international situation.

He urged the Japanese: "Go calmly about with your work in the interest of national reconstruction."

In reviewing his administration and the work of the Diet, which has just adjourned, Mr. Yoshida said:

"While our situation is taking a turn for the better, both internally and externally, we still live too close to the war years, and international relations remain yet to be normalised."

"Rumours are rife. Foreign news despatches too frequently contain ominous forebodings of another catastrophic global war. I hope you will not be misled by mere rumours but go calmly about your work in the interest of national reconstruction."

"Obstruction" Mr. Yoshida made no direct reference by name in his radio address to the Communist and Socialist parties opposing his regime.

But he said he regrets that at this critical moment there exist certain elements who abet disputes and aggravate unrest in the ranks of labour, and impede production, and that even in the Diet itself there are those who, in their eagerness to curry favour with their constituency, disregard the impoverished condition of the country and obstruct administrative retrenchment, and propose expansion of government machinery. —Associated Press.

Britain's Flying Housewife

Buffalo, New York, June 2. Mrs. Richard Morrow-Tait, the British flying housewife, arrived in Buffalo, New York, by train yesterday to raise funds for the home stretch of her round the world flight.

Before taking off from Chicago she had meant her next stop to be Buffalo, but engine trouble forced her down at Toronto, she said.

"There was also a bit of Departmental mix-up at Chicago," she added.

Apparently she referred to a ruling by the Civil Aeronautics Authority grounding her war surplus American trainer plane because she does not hold an airworthiness certificate.

She said she intends to return to Britain by way of Greenland and Iceland.

She began her world flight on August 18, 1948.

She is 25 and hopes to be the first woman to fly round the world in a light plane.

Her present plane, a converted Vultee PT-31, replaces one cracked up in Alaska. Her navigator is Jack Ellis, former Royal Air Force man of London. —Associated Press.

British Shipping Boycott?

New York, June 1. High officials of the American Federation of Labour's Maritime Trades Council today announced that British ships will be boycotted unless British dock workers take swift measures to free ships involved in the Canadian seamen's dispute.

The announcement, by the Council's co-chairmen, Mr. Paul Hall and Mr. Morris Weinberger, was in reply to a cable received yesterday from Mr. Arthur Deakin, the President of the British Trades Union Congress, requesting that the Council hold off its threatened boycott until the problem can be dealt with.

Mr. Deakin's wire was in response to a Council message to the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, last Friday, warning the British Government of a possible boycott. —Reuter.

London, June 1. The British Institute of Professional Civil Servants withdrew yesterday from the World Federation of Scientific Workers on the grounds that it is Communist-dominated. —Associated Press.

America and Chinese Reds

Washington, June 1.

The United States is giving careful study to her relations with any future Communist Government in China, the Acting Secretary of State, Mr. James Webb, told a press conference here today.

He did not make any comment on the United States' present attitude toward the Communists but said it will be some time before a Communist Government will be established in China. —Reuter.

Conviction Of Briton Quashed

Aix-on-Provence, June 1.

An Appeal Court here today quashed the Nice magistrate's conviction of Captain Elder Keith, aged 48, a Briton described by the police as a war hero, on a charge of false pretences.

The Nice court had sentenced him to eight months' imprisonment on a charge of failing to deliver motorcycles after receiving payment for them.

Captain Keith's Counsel said today that there had been no fraudulent intention, the delay being due to exchange controls between Britain and France.

A police report said that Keith was the second officer to disembark on French soil during World War II—at St. Nazaire in 1943. —Reuter.

BOLIVIA ON BRINK OF CIVIL STRIFE

La Paz, June 1.

Bolivia today stands on the brink of civil war as striking tin-miners, armed with machine-guns and dynamite, fight pitched battles with troops at mines thousands of feet up in the Andes Mountains.

The Government, which yesterday declared general mobilisation and a state of siege, are expected in La Paz—at 12,400 feet, the highest capital in the world—to proclaim martial law at any moment.

Movement of troops to quell the mine uprisings, in which many people have already been killed are hampered by a general strike of railwaymen called in sympathy with the miners.

The tin miners have laid siege to two important mines from the surrounding mountainsides where troops drove them after fierce fighting.

Efforts are expected to be made today to fly out from Catavi Hospital two United States and an Argentinian engineer, badly injured in the rioting, and the bodies of two United States and a Bolivian engineer who were killed by the strikers.

Several strikers and soldiers, and four children, were also killed at Catavi. No reports have been received of deaths among employees of other nationalities.

The situation at Humani Mine is obscure because the miners, who are reported to be holding the United States' superintendent

as hostage, have cut off all communications.

Many Arrests

Humani strikers dynamited the police station before troops drove them out, and several people are believed to have been killed in the explosion. At Colobra Mine, another manager is reported to be held by the strikers.

The Government yesterday launched a new wave of arrests and outlawed the National Revolutionary Movement, accusing it of plotting civil war.

The leader of the Movement, Victor Paz Estensero, who is in exile in Buenos Aires, is described as head of the plot.

The Communist and workers' revolutionary parties are also banned.

Fifteen Bolivian deportees, said to have been implicated in the tin mine troubles in Bolivia, yesterday in a Bolivian military aircraft.

They include an engineer, Jose Paz Estensero, brother of Victor Estensero.

Deputies among the 18 deportees are quoted as saying: "The Bolivian Government is responsible for the butchery at the 20th Century mine for having declined a solution of the dispute over a wage rise for the workers."

Effect On Malaya

Malaya, the world's greatest producer of tin, stands to benefit if strikes continue to block production in Bolivia.

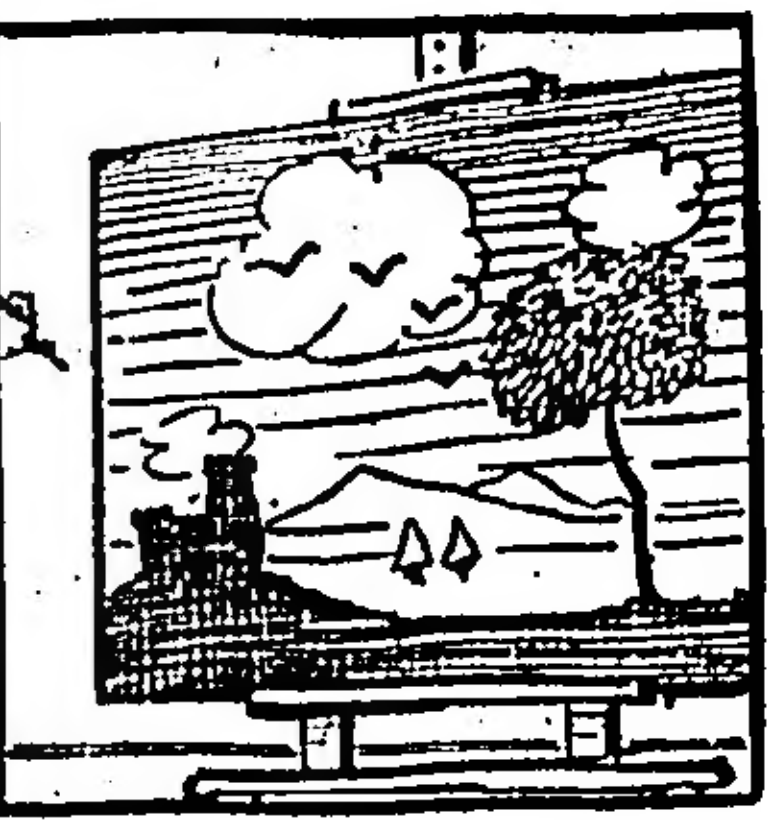
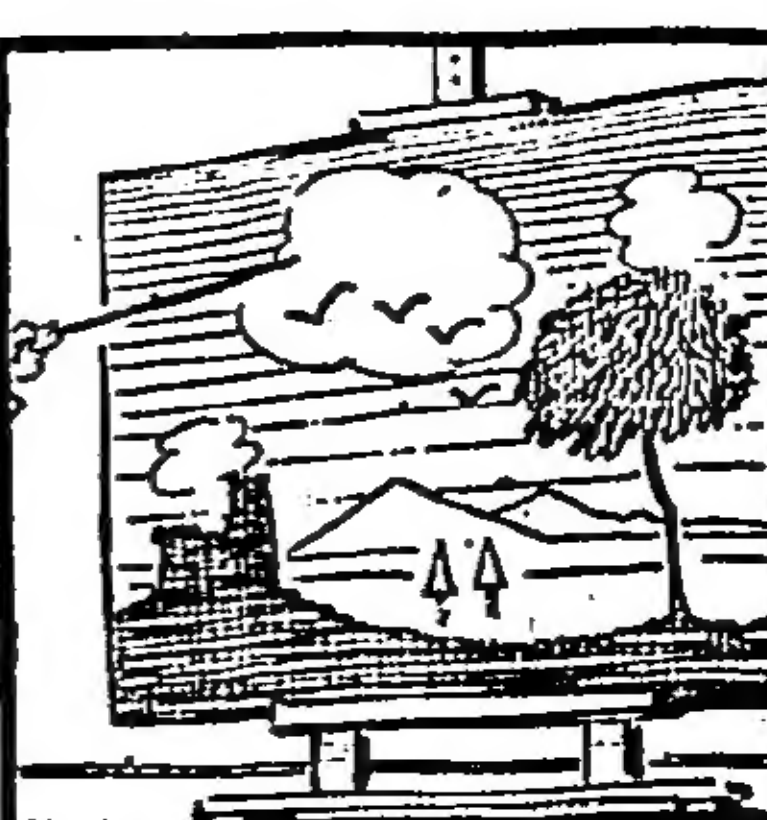
One executive in New York said that if the strikes continue to halt production in Bolivia, which produces between 15 and 30 per cent of the world's supply, the total tin production throughout the world will be reduced.

That he said, will cause a scarcity even with general falling off in demands, and the price and demand for Malayan tin will be improved.

Approximately one half of Bolivia's output goes to Texas where it is melted. The United States only tin smelter is situated at Texas City. There, the South American ore is mixed with high grade ore from Malaya.

Men in the tin industry say that production in Bolivia may be affected by the Bolivian situation, but they point out that it is too early to say for sure what the effects will be. —Reuter and Associated Press.

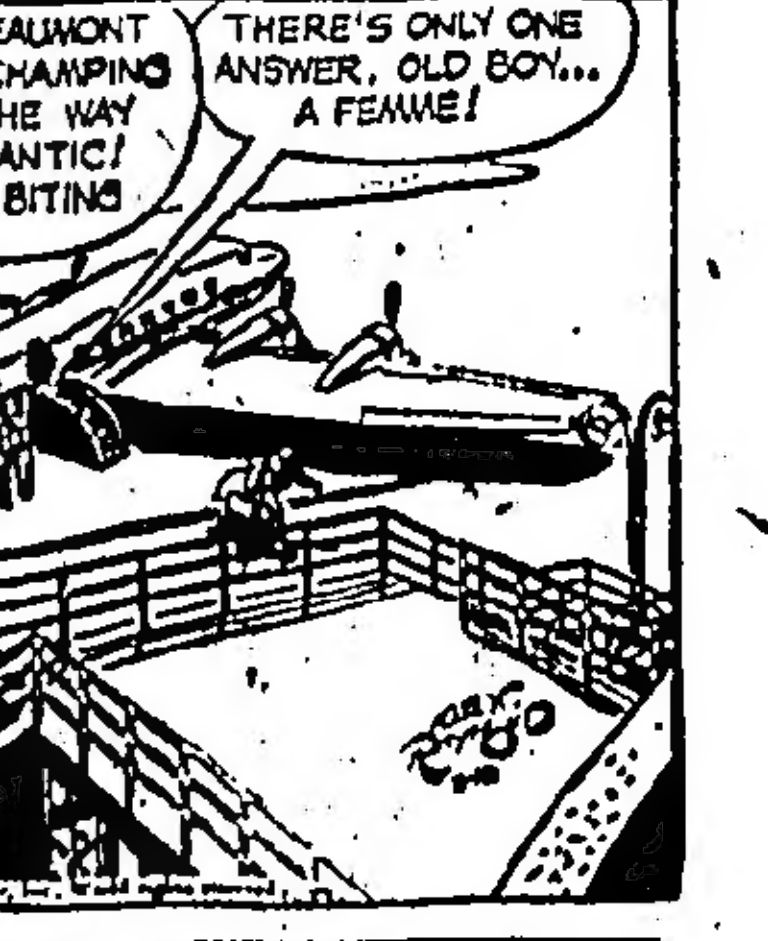
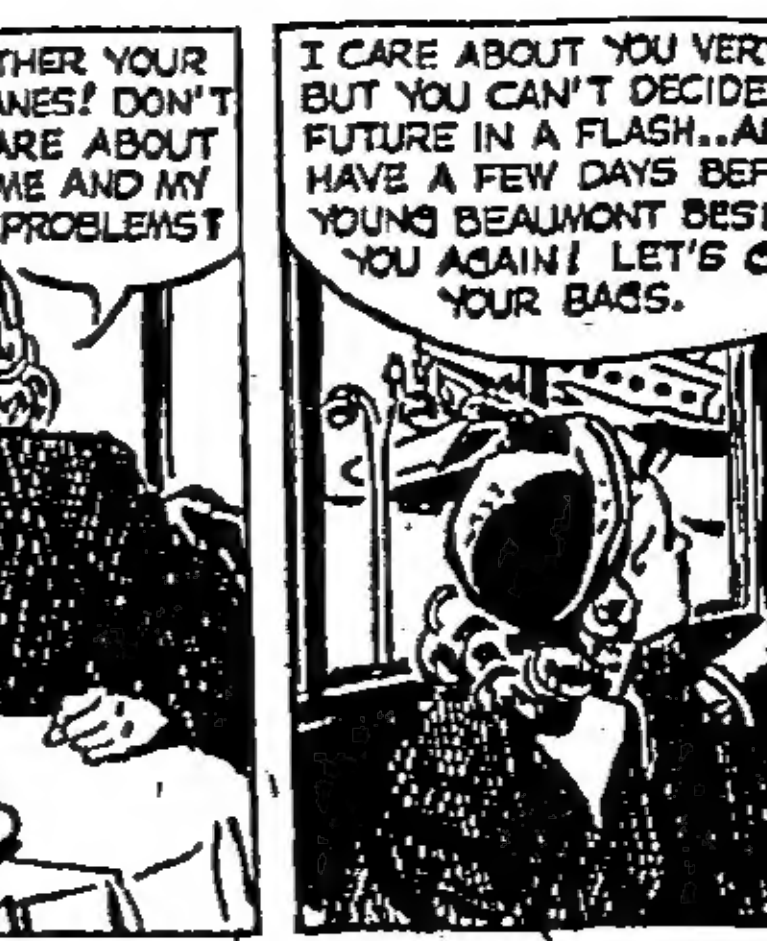
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"NEWCHWANG"	Amoy, Yokohama & Kobe	10 a.m. 3rd June
"SHENGKING"	Shanghai	noon 4th June
"PRODUCE"	Bangkok	6th June
"ANHUI"	Swatow, Hainan, Saigon, Singapore, Belawan & Penang	4 p.m. 6th June
"FENGTIEN"	Singapore, Macassar, Sourabaya & Batavia	7th June
"FOOCHOW"	Yokohama & Kobe	9th June
"SUPEI"	Incheon & Tientsin	5 p.m. 11th June
"SINKIANG"	Swatow	4 p.m. 12th June
"SINKIANG"	Singapore, Sibu & Brunei	noon 16th June

* Sails from Cantonian Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM

"SHENGKING"	Swatow	8 a.m. 3rd June
"FENGTIEN"	Kobe & Keelung	3/4th June
"PRODUCE"	Kobe	4th June
"SUPEI"	Tientsin & Incheon	6th June
"FOOCHOW"	Indonesia & Singapore	6th June
"SINKIANG"	Sibu, Brunei & Fochow	6/7th June
"PARHOI"	Tientsin	10/11th June

RIVER SERVICE

"FATSUAN"	Hongkong/Canton	Canton/Hongkong
	DEF. Hongkong	ARR. Hongkong
	Midnight	7.30 a.m. 3rd
	3rd & 6th June	5th & 8th June
"WUSUEH"	HK/MACAO	MACAO/HK
	DEF. HK	ARR. HK
	2 p.m. 4th June	5.45 p.m. 5th June

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Schedule Sailings to Europe via Aden, Port Said.

"AENEAS"	Tanger, Casablanca, Havre, Liverpool	8th June
"ANCHISES"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	25th June
"CYCLOPS"	N. Africa, Havre, Liverpool	8th July

ARRIVALS FROM

"ANCHISES"	U.K. via Straits	In port
"CYCLOPS"	U.K. via Straits & Manila	15th June
"ERUCALON"	U.K. via Straits	17th June
"EURYPIUS"	do	20th June
"ANTIOCHUS"	do	2nd July

NEW YORK SERVICE

"MENTOR"	loads for Boston, New York & Montreal	8th June
"MENESTHEUS"	from U.S.A. via Manila	15th July

Carriers option to proceed via other ports to load and discharge cargo.

Agents: AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"YUNNAN"	Japan & New Zealand	end June
"SHANSI"	Manila, Sydney, Melbourne & Brisbane	Early July
"SOOCHOW"	Japan	7th June
"SHANSI"	Australia & Manila	4th week June

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4823, 4824, 4825, 4826, 4827, 4828, 4829, 4830, 4831, 4832, 4833, 4834, 4835, 4836, 4837, 4838, 4839, 4840, 4841, 4842, 4843, 4844, 4845, 4846, 4847, 4848, 4849, 4850, 4851, 4852, 4853, 4854, 4855, 4856, 4857, 4858, 4859, 4860, 4861, 4862, 4863, 4864, 4865, 4866, 4867, 4868, 4869, 4870, 4871, 4872, 4873, 4874, 4875, 4876, 4877, 4878, 4879, 4880, 4881, 4882, 4883, 4884, 4885, 4886, 4887, 4888, 4889, 4890, 4891, 4892, 4893, 4894, 4895, 4896, 4897, 4898, 4899, 4900, 4901, 4902, 4903, 4904, 4905, 4906, 4907, 4908, 4909, 4910, 4911, 4912, 4913, 4914, 4915, 4916, 4917, 4918, 4919, 4920, 4921, 4922, 4923, 4924, 4925, 4926, 4927, 4928, 4929, 4930, 4931, 4932, 4933, 4934, 4935, 4936, 4937, 4938, 4939, 4940, 4941, 4942, 4943, 4944, 4945, 4946, 4947, 4948, 4949, 4950, 4951, 4952, 4953, 4954, 4955, 4956, 4957, 4958, 4959, 4960, 4961, 4962, 4963, 4964, 4965, 4966, 4967, 4968, 496

ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

JAVAPORTS and MACASSAR

SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"TUTJALENGKA" 6th June
 "TUTJADANE" 23rd June
 "TASMAN" 24th June

SHANGHAI

SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"TUTJADAK" 8th June

MANILA

SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"TUTJALENGKA" 6th June
 "TUTJADANE" 10th June

SINGAPORE, PENANG and BELAWAN DELI

SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"VAN HEUTS" 11th June
 "VAN RIEMSDIJK" 20th June

EAST & SOUTH AFRICA & SOUTH AMERICA

SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"TEGELBERG" 26th June
 "TUTJADANE" 10th July
 "TUTJADANE" 10th July

Calling at Mombasa & I. Marques Direct.
 Transshipment cargo accepted on through B/L to
 Dar-Es-Salaam and Zanzibar.
 * no passenger accommodation.

JAPAN

SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"TEGELBERG" 12th June 24th June

Agents: HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE

EUROPE via MANILA and MALAYA

SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"MOLENEK" 3rd June
 "MEERK" 2nd June
 "AMSTELDIJK" 2nd June
 "HINKERK" 2nd June

JAPAN

SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"MOLENEK" 1st June
 "MEERK" 2nd June
 "AMSTELDIJK" 2nd June
 "HINKERK" 2nd June

KING'S BUILDING: TELS: 28015 to 28017

CHINESE AGENTS: 82, CONNAUGHT RD. C. TELS: 31196-25133

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST VIA LOS ANGELES & SAN FRANCISCO

m.v. "DONA ANICETA" 27th June
 m.v. "BENGAL" 10th July

SAILING FOR U.S. ATLANTIC COAST VIA SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES

m.v. "DONA AURORA" (calls Japan) 15th June
 m.v. "DONA NATI" 22nd June

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO., INC.

(Incorporated in the Philippines)
 MARINA HOUSE CHINESE SHIPPING OFFICE
 Tels. 23676-22675 Tels. 23738-20153

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

OF COPENHAGEN

M.S. "KOREA"

LOADING ABOUT 23rd June

for

ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,
 HAMBURG, OSLO, GOTHENBURG AND COPENHAGEN.
 also, possibly, COLOMBO.

Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk.

S.S. "TAHSIS"

LOADING ABOUT 10th JUNE

for

VANCOUVER B. C. via Japan

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Queen's Bldg., 2nd floor. Tel. 34111 & 34112.

CHINA MERCHANTS S.N. CO.

15, Connaught Road, West. Telephone 31633.

DEPARTURES

S.S. "PEI TEH" Keelung, Kobe
 & Yokohama, 4th June 49.

S.S. "HAI HSIA" Singapore 14th June 49.

(With Passenger Accommodation)

For Full Particulars Please Apply to the Above

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BIG DEMAND FOR U.S. GOVERNMENT ISSUES

New York, June 2.

The U.S. Treasury has the financial world guessing again and will probably fool most of the exports.

Investors, and commercial banks in particular, are hungry for Government bonds with a maturity of more than a couple of years. But the supply of such bonds available for purchase is getting smaller and smaller.

Hong Kong Stock Exchange

Business in driest quantities was the order of yesterday and then only at a downward drift in prices.

B.K. GOVT. BONDS
 4 1/2% Loan 10th
 3 1/2% Loan (1948 & 1949) 10th
 3 1/2% Loan (1948) 10th.

BANKS
 H.K. & S. Bank 10400, 10400.
 (Lon. Reg.) 2000, 2000, 2000.
 Chartered Bank 210 11/32.
 Mercantile Bank A. & B. 2240, 2240.
 Bank of East Asia 1150.

INSURANCE
 Canton Ins. 2200.
 Union Ins. 2700, 2700, 2700.
 China Underwriters 2300.
 H.K. Fire Ins. 2300.

SHIPPING
 Tugboats 2200.
 H.K. & S. Steamship 17th.
 Indo China (1948) 20th.
 Sino (1948) 20th.
 Sino (1948) 20th.
 Sino (1948) 20th.

DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, Etc.
 H.K. & S. Wharves 12th.
 North Point Wharves 7th.
 Sino Wharves 18th.
 H.K. Docks 22th.
 China Docks 14th, 14th, 14th.
 Sino Docks 11th.
 Wheelocks 11th, 11th.

MINING
 H.K. Mines 4th.
 H.K. Mines 4th.
 H.K. Mines 4th.

LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS
 H.K. Lands 12th, 12th, 12th.
 H.K. Lands 12th.
 H.K. Lands 12th.
 H.K. Lands 12th.

UTILITIES
 H.K. Electric 24th, 24th, 24th.
 H.K. Electric 24th.
 H.K. Electric 24th.

INDUSTRIALS
 H.K. Industries 12th.
 H.K. Industries 12th.
 H.K. Industries 12th.

STOCKS
 H.K. Stocks 12th.
 H.K. Stocks 12th.
 H.K. Stocks 12th.

BONDS
 H.K. Bonds 12th.
 H.K. Bonds 12th.
 H.K. Bonds 12th.

GOVERNMENT ISSUES
 H.K. Govt. Issues 12th.
 H.K. Govt. Issues 12th.
 H.K. Govt. Issues 12th.

COMMERCIAL BANKS
 H.K. Commercial Banks 12th.
 H.K. Commercial Banks 12th.
 H.K. Commercial Banks 12th.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE
 H.K. Foreign Exchange 12th.
 H.K. Foreign Exchange 12th.
 H.K. Foreign Exchange 12th.

MARKET RATES
 H.K. Market Rates 12th.
 H.K. Market Rates 12th.
 H.K. Market Rates 12th.

COMMODITIES
 H.K. Commodities 12th.
 H.K. Commodities 12th.
 H.K. Commodities 12th.

REAL ESTATE
 H.K. Real Estate 12th.
 H.K. Real Estate 12th.
 H.K. Real Estate 12th.

TRANSPORTATION
 H.K. Transportation 12th.
 H.K. Transportation 12th.
 H.K. Transportation 12th.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS
 H.K. Telecommunications 12th.
 H.K. Telecommunications 12th.
 H.K. Telecommunications 12th.

ENERGY
 H.K. Energy 12th.
 H.K. Energy 12th.
 H.K. Energy 12th.

ENVIRONMENTAL
 H.K. Environmental 12th.
 H.K. Environmental 12th.
 H.K. Environmental 12th.

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
 H.K. Science and Technology 12th.
 H.K. Science and Technology 12th.
 H.K. Science and Technology 12th.

ARTS AND CULTURE
 H.K. Arts and Culture 12th.
 H.K. Arts and Culture 12th.
 H.K. Arts and Culture 12th.

SPORTS AND RECREATION
 H.K. Sports and Recreation 12th.
 H.K. Sports and Recreation 12th.
 H.K. Sports and Recreation 12th.

FOOD AND BEVERAGE
 H.K. Food and Beverage 12th.
 H.K. Food and Beverage 12th.
 H.K. Food and Beverage 12th.

TOBACCO
 H.K. Tobacco 12th.
 H.K. Tobacco 12th.
 H.K. Tobacco 12th.

TEXTILES
 H.K. Textiles 12th.
 H.K. Textiles 12th.
 H.K. Textiles 12th.

LEATHERS
 H.K. Leathers 12th.
 H.K. Leathers 12th.
 H.K. Leathers 12th.

WOODS
 H.K. Woods 12th.
 H.K. Woods 12th.
 H.K. Woods 12th.

MINERALS
 H.K. Minerals 12th.
 H.K. Minerals 12th.
 H.K. Minerals 12th.

AGRICULTURE
 H.K. Agriculture 12th.
 H.K. Agriculture 12th.
 H.K. Agriculture 12th.

LIVESTOCK
 H.K. Livestock 12th.
 H.K. Livestock 12th.
 H.K. Livestock 12th.

PLANTS
 H.K. Plants 12th.
 H.K. Plants 12th.
 H.K. Plants 12th.

OTHERS
 H.K. Others 12th.
 H.K. Others 12th.
 H.K. Others 12th.

The question is: What is the

Government, which is the main

supply to the market of such

bonds, going to do about it?

There are several reasons why

there is a growing demand for

Government obligations with a

long maturity. And, according

to present indications, the demand

will become keener in the near

future.

For one thing, bank loans to

business, commerce and agricul-

ture have been shrinking for

months. The decline in such

loans this year has been the

steepest on record. That means

that banks have money for in-

vestment, money which must be

invested to make up for the loss

of earnings caused by the drop in

business loans.

Another reason is that effective

last month, the Federal Reserve

Board ordered a reduction in the

amount of cash reserves which

banks are required to maintain

as a kind of guarantee for their

deposits. That order gave the

banking system about \$1,200,000,

000 in additional funds looking

for investment.

Few Portents

There are few portents at present

that bank loans to business

will do any more than level off

in the immediate future. There

are, in fact, signs that the type

of loan may contract still further

as business and industry tighten

their financial belt in an effort

to cope with the possibility of

lean days ahead this year. This

means it is highly unlikely that

commercial loans will make even

a dent in the huge amounts of

money available.

Where will this money go

for investment? A lot of

bankers would like to know

the answer to that question.

In the meantime, banks have

been steadily adding medium and

long-term Government bonds to

their investment portfolios. And

in the process, prices of these

bonds have been pushed up to

the highest levels of the year or

longer.

The entire question of Federal

fiscal policy is further complicated

by what appears to be the

certainly that the Government

in the not too distant future, will

be forced to resort to deficit

financing. Expenses exceed income

—the result is government securities

sales to make up the difference,

or deficit financing.

What sums might be involved

in deficit financing when such

operations might start, or what

form they might take—all are

virtually complete unknowns.

Associated Press.

Philippines Welcomes Investments

Manila, June 1.

Foreigners are welcome to

invest in the Philippines, the

President Quirino told repre-

sentatives of the Indian Over-

seas Bank Ltd., who called on

him at Malacanang Palace

today.

The visiting Indian bank of-

ficials included Mr. J. C.

Palatra, Mr. T. K. Hagan and

Mr. P. V. S. Hani. They were

accompanied by two repre-

sentatives of the local Indian

community.—Reuter.

Money Market

New York, June 2.

U.S. dollars dropped to HK\$0.38

yesterday at the close of the

market after opening at \$0.52.

Highest and lowest rates of the

day were \$0.70 and \$0.31.

It also closed at HK\$0.38,

after opening at \$0.48. Highest

figure reached was \$0.82.

Sterling was easier at HK\$18.20

as were also Australian pounds

at HK\$14.20.

Piastres again had a marketless

day, with the rate quoted at

HK\$12.70 a 100 nominal.

Piastres were easier at HK\$20

a 100.

NEI Guilders improved to

HK\$36 a 100 in the morning and

37 in the afternoon.

NY COTTON

New York, June 2.

Cotton futures traded on Wed-

nesday, supported by short cover-

ing following Tuesday's sharp de-

cline. Trade buying was also in

evidence for mill and export ac-

counts.

Closed 55 to 75 cents a bale

higher.

July 32.34-35.

October 28.70.

December 28.50.

March 28.40.

May 28.33 nominal.

July 27.01 nominal.

Middle Spot 33.41 nominal up

18.—Associated Press.

NY RUBBER

New York, June 2.

Crude rubber No. 1 futures

closed 43 to 57 lower, with sales

of 254 contracts.

July 15.85

September 15.85-89

December 15.75 bid

March 15.68 bid

Spot No. 1 ribbed smoked

sheets 16 nominal.—Associated

Press.

Notice To Consignees

CIE DES MESSEAGERIES

MARTIMES

Consignees per Company's

S.S. "LEUTENANT DE LA TOUR"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s godown, where it will be at Cons

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

ARRIVALS FROM

PETREL	Haiphong	3rd June
GIALONG	Haiphong	early June
Dr. YERSIN	Haiphong	7th June
St. MERE ECLISE	Europe	mid. June
ANDRE LEBON	Haiphong	beg. July
OYONNAX	Europe	Sec. half July
OWENDO	Europe	end July

SAILING TO

PETREL	Haiphong	4th June
St. MERE ECLISE	North Africa & Europe	15th June
Dr. YERSIN	North Africa & Europe	end June
ANDRE LEBON	Shanghai	beg. July
OYONNAX	Europe	mid. July
OWENDO	North Africa & Europe	end July

For Passage and Freight Apply To:
CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
Queen's Building. Tel. 28551 (three Lines).

WATERMAN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

MOBILE, ALA., U.S.A.

EXPRESS FREIGHT SERVICE via PANAMA

S. S. "KYSKA"

Loading about 10th June 1949

Direct for New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia via Japan, Honolulu.

For freight and further particulars apply:—

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents.
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tel. 34177-8.

THE PACIFIC ORIENT EXPRESS LINE

M. V. "VINGNES"

Loading about 3rd June, 1949.

for TAKAO & YOKOHAMA.

For particulars please apply to:—

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents.
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building. Tel. 34177-9.

IVARAN LINES FAR EAST SERVICE

M. V. "LISHOLT"

Loading about 8th June 1949

FOR TAKAO, TAKUBAR, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & YAMATA.

For freight and further particulars apply:—

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents.
Hongkong Bank Building. Tels: 34177/0

MAERSK LINE

Managed by
A. F. MOLLER, COPENHAGEN.

General Agents in U.S.A.
MOLLER STEAMSHIP COMPANY INC.

FAST FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO:
NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON & BALTIMORE VIA
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA
Accepting transshipment cargo for Caribbean and Gulf Ports.

NEXT SAILINGS

M.S. "GERTRUDE MAERSK"	June 17
M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK"	July 3
M.S. "TREN MAERSK"	July 26

Special Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk.

ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

M.S. "TREN MAERSK"	June 16
M.S. "LEISE MAERSK"	June 18
M.S. "PETER MAERSK"	June 28

For Freight and further Particulars please apply to:—
Agents **JESEN & CO.** Tel. Nos. 28551-2
Queen's Building.

AIR AND SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Shipping Arrivals YESTERDAY

ANCHISE (Hoh Kwong), British, 4,700 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.
ANILUI (H & B), British, 2,000 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.
HSIANG HING (Hoh Kwong), Chinese, 2,157 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.
LADY WOLMER (Vick Yuen), British, 1,021 tons, ex-Tientsin, 1st June.
MOLENEK (RIL), Dutch, 4,567 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.
TAICHUNGSHAN (Jehon), British, 1,111 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.
TAMARA (Gliman), Swedish, 3,314 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.
WEI MING (Hoh Kwong), Chinese, 2,157 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.

TODAY

CHARLES E. DANT (Pacific Coast), 1st June.
FENHET (H & B), from Kobe, 1st June.
GIALONG (MM), from Haiphong, 1st June.
PETREL (MM), from Haiphong, 1st June.
PINES, MADISON (ex-San Francisco), 1st June.
WINGANG (H & B), from Swatow, 1st June.

TOMORROW

BRADVERETT (Everett) from Shanghai, 2nd June.
CHINA VICTORY (USL) from Tientsin, 2nd June.
FRODOCK (H & B) from Kobe, 2nd June.
WINGANG (Jardine) from Keelung, 2nd June.

Shipping Departures YESTERDAY

SHANG (Jardine) for Swatow, 1st June.
GERTRUDE MAERSK (Jensen) for Manila, 1st June.
HILKON (Wu Ping) for Haiphong, 1st June.
HILKON (Tak Koo) for Canton, 1st June.
MAINE SNAPPER for Singapore, 1st June.
PUNTO (Hoh Kwong) for Haiphong, 1st June.
SLAVA (Wallen) for Vladivostok, 1st June.
TINIAN (H & B) for Swatow, 1st June.

TODAY

CITY OF YOKOHAMA (Bank Line) for Port Swatow, 1st June.
JAYA (Hoh Kwong) for Vancouver, 1st June.
L. DE LA TOUR (MM) for Campa, 1st June.
MOLENEK (RIL) for Manila and Swatow, 1st June.
NANCHING (H & B) for Singapore, 1st June.
NEWCHANG (H & B) for Yokohama, 1st June.
VALVE (South West) for Yinkow, 1st June.

TOMORROW

CHARLES E. DANT (Pacific Coast) for Port Swatow, 2nd June.
PRITHI (CMBN) for Kobe, Yokohama and Keelung, 2nd June.
PETREL (MM) for Haiphong, 2nd June.
PINES, MADISON (ex-San Francisco), 2nd June.
WINGANG (H & B) for Swatow, 2nd June.

Vessels In Port

ANCHISE (Hoh Kwong), British, 4,700 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.
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WEI MING (Hoh Kwong), Chinese, 2,157 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.

INDIA

CARTAGE (P & O), ex-London, 1st June.
CORPU (P & O), ex-London, 1st June.
DECAULON (H & B), ex-Singapore, 1st June.
EUPHROSINE (Jardine), ex-London, 1st June.
MEERKAT (RIL), ex-London, 1st June.
ROUDAN (Mac Mac), ex-London, 1st June.
STE MERE ECLISE (MM), ex-London, 1st June.
TAI PING YANG (Thoresen), ex-London, 1st June.

JAPAN

ANCHISE (Hoh Kwong), British, 4,700 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.
ANILUI (H & B), British, 2,000 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.
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WEI MING (Hoh Kwong), Chinese, 2,157 tons, ex-Singapore, 1st June.

SOUTH EAST PORTS

BRADVERETT (Everett) ex-Manila, 1st June.
DR. ANGER (MM) ex-Haiphong, 1st June.
GIALONG (MM) ex-Singapore, 1st June.
FOUCHOW (H & B) ex-Singapore, 1st June.
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TEGELBERG (RIL), 1st June.

AMERICA

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CITY OF LIVERPOOL (Bank)

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FENHET (Hoh Kwong) ex-Singapore, 1st June.
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EUPHROSINE (Jardine), ex

PETRI

The most Economical & Reliable Camera with a Rangefinder and a f.3.5 lens.

OBTAINABLE FROM ALL LEADING PHOTOGRAPHIC STORES.



CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1949.

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1st & 2nd Flrs. Tel: 21397.



SOMERSET SCORE 112 RUNS FOR SIX WICKETS

Suspension Of Soccer Player

The decision of an emergency sub-committee of the Hong Kong Football Association suspending Tam Ka-tsun of the Kowloon Motor Bus 2nd Soccer XI until October 1, 1950, was revised by the Appeals Board of the HKFA on Wednesday.

As a result of the findings of the Appeals Board, Tam Ka-tsun's suspension will now be effective until the end of March 1950 and not October 1, 1950.

Tam Ka-tsun was ordered off the field for fighting Chu Tak-wing of South China by Pao. This during the 2nd Division League match played at Caroline Hill on April 23, 1949. He was, together with Chu Tak-wing, suspended by the Emergency Sub-Committee at a meeting on April 29, 1949, until October 1, 1950.

The following is the finding of the Appeals Board:

"We accept the clear evidence of the referee and we dismiss the appeal."

"As Chu Tak-wing was in our opinion the instigator of the trouble and as his suspension is the same as that of Tam Ka-tsun, we vary Tam's suspension by reducing it to end at March 31, 1950."

KRAMER BEATS SWEDISH ACE

London, June 1. Jack Kramer, the former Wimbledon and American tennis champion, today reached the final of the singles of the world indoor professional lawn tennis championships at Wembley, London, with a 6-1, 6-1 win over K. Schroeder, of Sweden.

Kramer will meet Pancho Segura, of Ecuador, who today defeated Ali Matarak, of Egypt, 6-2, 6-1.

In another quarter-final, Bobby Riggs, also a former Wimbledon and American champion, beat W. Werthmuller, of Switzerland, 6-2, 6-3.—Reuter.

RELIC OF WAR

Brussels, June 1. Workmen repairing a wall in a shop at Charleroi in Belgium's "Black Country" found hidden in a chimney enough explosives to blow up the town. They are thought to have been put there by the Belgian underground during the occupation.

A. Lomax, of London, Arnold Vuermans, who died in the notorious Delsen camp in 1945, formerly had the shop.—Reuter.

Taunton, June 2. At lunch time today, Somerset in the second day of their match against the New Zealand cricket tourists, had scored 112 runs for six wickets.

For the second day running, the Somerset and New Zealanders match started half an hour late. Heavy clouds suggested more disappointments later.

In an hour and a quarter yesterday, Somerset lost one wicket for 40 runs of which Gimblett claimed 40. The New Zealanders showed their keenness by spending half an hour over catching practice in the outfield before play began.

Light rain started just before the players took the field. Gimblett failed the first ball of the day from Burt to square for boundary, but say little of the bowling to follow because of Aspinall's right defence and took an hour and 40 minutes to reach 50 out of 63 hits to that stage. He added only three more before giving Hadlee a mid-off a simple catch.

The New Zealand captain held his third successive catch at mid-off when dismissing Cooper. Burt dismissed Woodhouse and then in quick succession, making him the side out for 95.

Trenbrett was caught in the slips after taking two fours off Burt. By lunch Aspinall had taken two hours and 20 minutes over his 29 not out.

Score	Somerset First Innings
Gimblett, c Hadlee, b Burt	53
Hill, c Hadlee, b Cowie	5
Angell, not out	29
Cooper, c Hadlee, b Burt	6
Woodhouse, c Mooney, b Burt	1
Burt	1
Buse, c Smith, b Burt	1
Trenbrett, c Reid, b Sutcliffe	8
Rogers, not out	4
Extras	4
Total (for six wks.)	112

Wednesday's Play

Taunton, June 1. Only an hour and a quarter's cricket proved possible here today, Somerset scoring 40 for the loss of one wicket against the New Zealanders.

An early shower delayed start for half an hour and almost continuous rain from 1.15 p.m. B.S.T. caused play to be abandoned at tea time.

Scoring 40 of the runs, Harold Gimblett completely dominated the cricket. Even with the shine still on the ball in the sixth over of the day, Hadlee, the New Zealand captain, was forced to put a man on the long-on boundary to check Gimblett's powerful driving. Nevertheless, he hit a six and five fours.

In unsettled weather, Somerset batted first on a damp wicket with Gimblett and Hill opening the innings.

Heavy Rain Holds Up County Games

London, June 1.

Heavy rain interfered with cricket in many parts of the country today. Of the four County fixtures, only the Glamorgan-Middlesex match at Swansea remained unaffected, while the Test trial at Birmingham was held up after lunch for two hours.

At Ilkeston, play was limited to 15 minutes, during which time Sussex scored five without loss against a Derbyshire attack depleted by Trial claims.

A superb display of fast medium bowling by Leslie Jackson, of Derbyshire, dominated the cricket in the Test trial. This 28-year-old six-foot tall bowler, who was brought into the North side when Aspinall, of Yorkshire, withdrew, so demoralised the South batsmen that, on a pitch giving bowlers little help, they were dismissed for 85.

Maintaining a consistent length and attacking the stumps, Jackson moved the ball either way and gained a surprising pace from the soft turf. His figures of 24 overs, 10 maidens, 37 runs, six wickets, was the best performance of his career.

The South team, led by F. George Mann, the England captain, was all out for 85 runs, two more than the Northerners put on for the loss of one wicket before play ended for the day.

Scores

Tonight's first-class cricket score-board follows:

At Hull: Scotland first innings all out 170, Yorkshire to bat.

At Oxford: No play was possible between Oxford University and the Army owing to rain.

At Liverpool: Lancashire first innings 265 for six wickets. Warwickshire to bat.

At Birmingham: South trial first innings all out 85, North trial team 83 for one.

At Ilkeston: Rain restricted play between Derbyshire and Sussex. Sussex first innings five for no wicket, Derbyshire to bat.

At Swansea: Glamorgan first innings all out 237, Middlesex first innings 34 for two wickets.

At Gravesend: Essex first innings all out 260, Kent first innings 136 for nine wickets.

At Worcester: (Two-day match). Royal Air Force first innings all out 245, Worcestershire first innings 69 for one wicket.—Reuter.

Taikoo, KCC Bowls Teams

Taikoo Club travel to Kowloon on Saturday to meet KCC in a Second Division Lawn Bowls Match.

Notable absentee in Taikoo team will be J.C. Chalmers who has another engagement.

The following will represent Taikoo:

J.B. Baxter, J. Rowan, R.B. Marshall and J.A. Kinniburgh (Skip).

J.A. Smith, J.H. McLeod, A. Steven and W. Melrose (Skip).

T.R. MacLean, F.S. Thomson, C. Boyd and W.G. McKie (Skip).

Last week winners were J.C. Chalmers, D.R. Daily, W.G. McKie, W. Melrose (Skip).

The following have been selected to represent the Kowloon Cricket Club in their League Lawn bowls games on Saturday:

Against Taikoo Dock Club in a Second Division game at KCC at 4 p.m.

E.R. Rossett, C.R. Rossett, R.S. Capell and T. Lock (Skip).

V. Sargent, J. Tang, J.A. Tibble and R. Leigh (Skip).

A.C. Tribble, A.W. Ramsey, W. Butterworth and F.E. Skinner (Skip).

Against Kowloon Bowling Green Club in a Third Division game at H.B.C.C. at 4 p.m.

A. Graham, F. Howarth, J. Wong and F.E. Lawrence (Skip).

W. Boyes, W. Baker, W. Colledge and C. Champelovier (Skip).

H. Gilten, R. Barker, C.I. Stapleton and Geo. Lee (Skip).

WAR ON ETHER

London, June 1. Mr. Christopher Mayhew, the Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, today denied a suggestion in Parliament that British broadcasters to Russia have been instructed no longer to be objective and to remember that Britain is pursuing a "cold war."

"No such instructions were given," Mr. Mayhew said, adding: "No person in his senses supposes that the BBC has issued any such instruction."—Reuter.

The entire Cardinal bench stormed onto the field and adjectives purpled their air for a full 10 minutes before peace was restored.

In the Polo Grounds, Giants made 15 hits good for 23 bases and put on a seven run rally in the seventh to crush Cubs, 11-3.

Willard Marshall paced the attack with a homer, triple and single. Every man in the Giant lineup got at least one hit.

The scores were:

St. Louis Cardinals 6 R H E
Brooklyn Dodgers 3 8 0
Cardinals: p. Brazle, Hearn, Wilks; c. D. Rice, Baker.
Dodgers: p. Roe, Falica, Martin, Minner; c. Campanella.

Chicago Cubs 5 7 2
New York Giants 11 5 2
Cubs: p. Schmitz, Hush, Adkins; c. A. Walker.
Giants: p. Hansen, Webb; c. Cooper.

The Boston Braves were in sole possession of the National League lead today after defeating Pittsburgh 8-6. Pittsburgh's Ralph Kiner swatted his 12th home run of the season.

The Philadelphia Phils scored to lead the 10th inning to edge out Cincinnati 4-3. The score was tied three times during the contest.

Cincinnati 3 7 1
Philadelphia 4 8 1
(Winning pitcher Robin Roberts, loser Harry Gumbert.)

In League Tommy Henrich's 10th homer of the season helped give the New York Yankees a 3-0 victory over the Chicago White Sox. It was pitcher Vic Raschi's seventh victory.

New York 3 8 0
Chicago 0 3 0
(Losing pitcher Howie Judson.) —Associated Press.

Musial Sets Pace As Redbirds Beat Bums

New York, June 1.

Stan Musial blasted two terrific home runs and a single today to set the tempo for a 6-3 Cardinal victory over Dodgers in Brooklyn.

Musial got both his homers off Brooklyn's south-paw Roe, the second one in the ninth setting off a four run rally that enabled Cardinals to win.

The bitterly contested game also produced one of the hottest arguments of the year, a row in which the usually mild-mannered Cardinal catcher, Del Rice, was ejected from the game in the third inning.

Rice protested plate umpire Scotty Robb's decision that Dodgers' Jackie Robinson slid home safely after being trapped between third and home.

Stormed The Field

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HKU, HKCC Draw; CRC Beat Recreio In Tennis Games

HKU drew with HKCC in a tennis men's "A" division game yesterday, 4 1/2-4 1/2.

Results were:

T. T. Lim and T. Lo (HKU) beat H. Ayres and M. Heenan 6-4, 6-4; drew with B. Hawthorn and R. Sellers; beat J. Mackie and W. Cooper, 7-5.

D. Lo and N. Lo (HKU) beat H. Ayres and M. Heenan, 6-4; lost to B. Hawthorn and B. Sellers, 3-6; beat J. Mackie and W. Cooper, 7-5.

S.F. Lam and T.H. Yip (HKU) lost to H. Ayres and M. Heenan, 2-6; lost to Hawthorn and B. Sellers, 1-6; lost to J. Mackie and W. Cooper, 6-7.

CRC—Recreio

CRC at home, beat Club de Recreio 6-3.

W.P. Teul and D.C. Luk lost to J.B. Gonsalves and T.E. Rodrigues 1-6, beat W.A. Reed and G.N. Gosano 6-2, beat F.M. Ribeiro and A.J. Remedios 6-3.

T.F. Choy and S.W. Leung lost to J.B. Gonsalves and T.E. Rodrigues 2-6, beat W.A. Reed and G.N. Gosano 6-2, beat F.M. Ribeiro and A.J. Remedios 6-1.

G. Chon and W.T. Lee lost to J.B. Gonsalves and T.E. Rodrigues 4-6, beat W.A. Reed and G.N. Gosano 6-2, beat F.M. Ribeiro and A.J. Remedios 6-1.

SCAA—KCC

Kowloon Cricket Club, who visited South China Athletic Association last to the home team by eight sets to one.

E.C. Fincher and M.F. Turner-Cooke (KCC) drew with Ip Koon-hung and T.T. Chen 6-6, lost to E. Choy and Szebo Bick 1-6, drew with Lam Kwan and P. Poon 6-6.

L.F. Stokes and F.R. Kerman lost to Ip Koon-hung and T.T. Chen 3-6, lost to E. Choy and Szebo Bick 2-6, lost to Lam Kwan and P. Poon 2-6.

T.E. Baker and Y.P. Fung lost to Ip Koon-hung and T.T. Chen 4-6, lost to E. Choy and Szebo Bick 2-6, lost to Lam Kwan and P. Poon 3-6.

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Alexander Leaves On FE Visit

(Continued from Page 1)

These included the strengthening of the Hong Kong garrison, including the provision of tanks, artillery and other equipment. Further reinforcements and additional naval support in the Far East were also announced.

Mr. Alexander's swift departure occasioned great surprise among members of Parliament because he was to have moved the Defence Forces Bill in the House of Commons this week.

The dispatch of a senior official to the Far East is not unprecedented. It was recalled that early in 1941 the British Government sent Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper to Singapore as Minister of State, empowered to take decisions on the spot.

It is believed to be possible that Mr. Alexander's visit will result in the appointment of a Minister of State for South East Asia. Recent press reports have mentioned the South East Asia Commissioner General Sir Malcolm MacDonald as the most probable appointee to this office.

Recruitment for the Hong Kong defence forces is going on steadily but not as rapidly as it was hoped, the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, said in a Parliamentary reply today.

He added: "I am assured by the Governor that everything possible is being done to stimulate recruitment for the defence force and in particular those components which are principally concerned with internal security duties and with the maintenance of essential services."

Meanwhile, the British transport Division sailed South-ropion with 1,500 troops to reinforce the garrison at Hong Kong. Aboard the transport are members of "B" squadron of the Third Royal Tank Corps, who will be the first British troops ever to serve in the China area.

Also aboard are infantrymen, heavy repair units, a searchlight battery and Army nurses.—United Press and Reuter.

SS. TAIREA BACK IN HONG KONG

The British steamer Tairea arrived here yesterday evening from Woosung.

Chartered by the Hong Kong Government to stand by off Woosung under the command of Vice-Admiral A.C.G. Madden, the three-funnel ship left the Colony after refuelling at Taikoo Dockyard in the event she be required to evacuate Britons from Shanghai.

The Tairea on her arrival anchored under the Victoria Harbour she will unload the emergency equipment before returning to her normal commercial assignment.

She is due to leave here for Calcutta on June 7.

Anglo-Egyptian Meeting Held

Paris, June 1.

The British Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin, and the Egyptian Foreign Minister, Khashaba Pasha, agreed today to the elimination of all differences between the two countries.

Mr. Bevin conferred with Khashaba Pasha for 90 minutes at the Hotel de Ville where the British Foreign Secretary is staying during the Foreign Ministers' Council session in Paris. Preliminary talks started between Khashaba Pasha and Abdel Fattah Amer Pasha, Egyptian Ambassador to London, and Michael Wright, Under-S